NANOMETA 2024

9th International Topical Meeting on Nanophotonics and Metamaterials

www.nanometa.org

CONFERENCE DIGEST

Venue: Olympia Congress Centre,
Seefeld, Tirol, Austria

3 - 6 January 2024

Table of Contents

Digest and Copyright Information …… 2

Sponsors and Partners …… 3

Exhibitors …… 4

General Information …… 5

Poster Session / Poster Prizes / Instructions for Poster Presenters …… 5

Speakers' Information …… 5

Reception / Conference Language …… 5

Online Digest / On-site Facilities …… 6

Registration Information …… 6

Conference Desk - Opening Hours / Conference Hours / Photography …… 6

Conference Management …… 6

Conference Location …… 6

Information on Austria and Seefeld …… 7

Conference Committee …… 9

Programme at a Glance …… 10

Plenary Talks at a Glance …… 11

Breakthrough Talks at a Glance …… 13

Keynote Talks at a Glance …… 14

Invited Talks at a Glance …… 14

Technology Talks at a Glance …… 18

Technical Programme

Wednesday …… 19

Thursday …… 24

Friday …… 33

Saturday …… 37

Authors' Index …… 39

Digest and Copyright Information

The papers included in this digest comprise the short summaries of the 9th International Topical Meeting on Nanophotonics and Metamaterial Conference held in Seefeld in Tirol, Austria from 3 to 6 January 2024. The extended version of the papers (1-page summaries in pdf format) will be made available online during a time period of 2 months beginning from the conference. A link with login and password is provided on a separate sheet.

All web browsers (Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari or similar) will allow you to download the digest.
A .pdf viewer (tested with Adobe Acrobat) will be necessary to view the papers. This software can be downloaded from http://www.adobe.com

The papers reflect the authors' opinion and are published as presented and without any change in the interest of timely dissemination. Their inclusion in these publications does not necessarily constitute endorsement by the editors, the European Physical Society.

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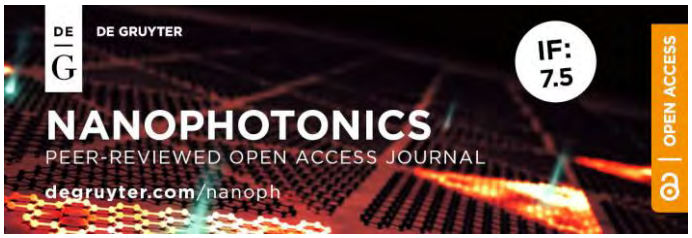

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Exhibitors:

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General Information

The 9th International Topical Meeting on Nanophotonics and Metamaterials
3 – 6 January 2024, Seefeld in Tirol, Austria

NANOMETA 2024 aims to bring together the international Nanotechnology, Photonics and Materials research communities where most recent and challenging results and plans are discussed in the informal setting on a glorious mountaineering resort. The technical programme includes invited and selected contributed papers in the areas of

- **Nano-opto-mechanics.**
- **Time crystals and Floquet matter.**
- **Twistronics and quantum photonic materials.**
- **Topological light and matter.**
- **Plasmonics and metamaterials.**
- **Advanced nanophotonic applications.**

The conference will be organised in two oral parallel sessions (Nanophotonics and Metamaterials) and will feature joint plenary sessions. The conference timetable will be arranged in a way that permits mid-day breaks for recreational activities and informal contact between participants.

The programme will feature 126 presentations over 4 days including 5 plenary, 4 breakthrough, 5 keynote, 31 invited, and 30 oral presentations together with 3 technology talks and 48 posters from 21 different countries.

Poster Session
Nanometa 2024 will present a total of 48 posters during a poster session to take place on Thursday 4 January 2024 from 17:00 to 18:30. There will be no oral presentations during this time. Light snacks and soft drinks will be provided during the session.

Poster Prizes
A poster competition sponsored by Walter de Gruyter GmbH Nanophotonics peer-reviewed open access journal, (https://www.degruyter.com/nanoph) will be organised to award the best posters presented by research students. The prizes will be awarded on the Closing Ceremony, which will take place on Saturday 6 January 2024, from 12:15 (Olympia room).

Instructions for Poster Presenters
Each author is provided with one bulletin board measuring 125 cm high and 120 cm wide on which to display a summary of the paper. Fixing material (tape) will be provided. The boards will be marked with the poster session code. Authors are requested to display their poster on their allocated board in the early afternoon of the day of presentation. To present their work and answer questions, authors are requested to be present in the vicinity of their poster on Thursday 4 January 2024 during 17:00-18:30.

Speakers' Information
Speakers are asked to check-in with the session chair in the conference room ten minutes before the session begins. The conference rooms are equipped with microphone, beamer, and computer. Presenters may transfer their presentation files by USB memory stick. It will also be possible to give the presentations from own notebooks. A screen switch to connect several notebooks simultaneously to the data projector will be arranged. Individual notebooks will need to be connected to the box during the breaks.

Presentation times for oral presentations are as follows:
Plenary talks: 60 minutes presentation including 10 minutes for discussion.
Breakthrough, Keynote and Invited talks: 30 minutes presentation including 5 minutes for discussion.
Oral talks: 15 minutes presentation including 3 minutes for discussion.
Technology talks: 60 minutes presentation including discussion.

Reception
A **beer reception** will be organised on Saturday 6 January 2024, 13:30 - 14:30.

Conference Language
The official language of the conference is English.

Online Digest
In addition to this programme, an online digest will include all the one-page summaries.

On-site Facilities
Wireless high-speed Internet is available for both rooms (Olympia and Seefeld-Tirol) and the lounges.
The conference centre has an underground garage. Participants may benefit from a special cost of 3.00 € for 6 hours. **To validate this special fee, the parking must be directly paid at the swimming pool cash desk.**

The nearest bank machine is about 500 m away from the centre.

Registration Information
The registration fees for the meeting include admission to all technical sessions of the conference on "Nanophotonics and Metamaterials", a programme and an online digest including all the one-page summaries. It includes coffee breaks as mentioned on the programme. Lunches are not included.

Conference Desk - Opening Hours

Tuesday 2 January 2024	18:00-18:45
Wednesday 3 January 2024	08:00-12:00 and 16:00-17:30
Thursday 4 January 2024	08:30-11:30 and 16:00-17:30
Friday 5 January 2024	08:45-11:30 and 16:00-17:30
Saturday 6 January 2024	08:45-10:30

Conference Hours

Wednesday 3 January 2024	08:45-12:15 and 16:00-19:45
Thursday 4 January 2024	09:00-12:15 and 16:00-20:30
Friday 5 January 2024	09:00-12:30 and 16:00-19:30
Saturday 6 January 2024	09:00-13:30

Photography
Attendance at, or participation in the conference constitutes consent to the use and distribution by the European Physical Society of the attendees' image for informational, publicity, promotional and/or reporting purposes in print or electronic communications media.
Video recording by participants and other attendees during the conference is not allowed.
Photographs of PowerPoint or other slides are for personal use only and are not to be reproduced or distributed.

Conference Management
The European Physical Society, 6 rue des Frères Lumière, 68200 Mulhouse, France, provides the conference management. This programme is edited by P. Helfenstein and A. Wobst.

Conference Location
NANOMETA 2024 will take place at the "Olympia" Congress Centre in the heart of Seefeld:
Olympia Sport and Kongresszentrum Seefeld – Tirol GmbH
Klosterstrasse 600
6100 Seefeld in Tirol
Austria
Phone: +43 (0) 5212 32 20
https://www.seefeld-sports.at/olympiabad-kongress/kongresszentrum-seefeld
https://www.seefeld-sports.at/

The Olympia room is on the first level and the Seefeld/Tirol room is on the basement level.
The registration area is on the same level as the Olympia room.
The poster session will take place in the foyer (basement and first level).

Austria

Austria is a central European predominately mountainous country. Eight other countries line the Austrian border: Italy, Switzerland, the Principality of Liechtenstein, Germany, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, and Slovenia. Lying on the Danube River, the Austrian capital of Vienna is partly surrounded by the hills of the Vienna Woods.

Austria's population, which has just surpassed eight million, is 93% German speaking, and 20% of the global population resides in Vienna. Still, the country has a diverse ethnic mix that includes six officially recognised ethnic groups: Croats, Czechs, Hungarians, Roma/Sinti, Slovaks, and Slovenes. While about 73% of the Austrian population is Roman Catholic, there are eleven other officially recognised religions.

Currency

Euro is the official currency in Austria. Major credit cards (VISA, MasterCard/Euro card, American Express, Diners…) are generally accepted in airports, train stations, hotels, larger shop, etc.

Weather in Seefeld

Framed by the Mountain Range of the Karwendel National Park, Seefeld is situated on a sunny high-altitude plateau 1.200 m above sea level and is 150 km from Munich and Innsbruck is 21 km away. The average minimum temperature in Seefeld in January is 1.0°C. As in the mountains the weather may rapidly vary. The Seefeld weather forecast can be viewed at https://www.seefeld.com/en/seefeld.html.

Seefeld

Seefeld with around 3632 inhabitants is a major ski resort in the heart of the Tyrol Mountains, Austria, at the centre of untouched nature. It is a multi-faceted resort that is a magnet for guests from all over the world and combines nature, sport, wellness, and a holiday atmosphere. The village is a true paradise for nature-lovers as well as alpine ski enthusiasts.

In Seefeld you can find excellent downhill and cross-country skiing, ice rink, indoor swimming pool, fantastic restaurants, and a good choice of quality hotels. The magnificent mountain scenery of the Karwendel Alpine Park and the Wetterstein range surrounds all Seefeld. There you will find a wide range of sports, relaxation, and health facilities for everyone.

You can rent or buy your equipment! 25 uphill facilities between 1,200 m and 2,100 m and ski runs for all levels and ambitions are awaiting you. Besides Alpine skiing you should also try cross-country skiing on 283,5 km of well-groomed tracks, ideal for skaters and classic cross country skiing fans. Or choose from the wide range of winter hiking trails (approx. 80 km), Alpine curling (on more than 30 ice curling alleys) or a romantic ride in a horse-drawn sleigh across glittering winter landscapes. Seefeld holds numerous ski jumping hills, of which the biggest is Toni Seelos Olympiaschanze.

Here in the Olympia Region on the Seefeld plateau, walkers, mountaineers, and climbers have their work cut out choosing their next adventure from the tightly woven network of 450 kilometres of hiking trails and mountain paths. Destinations in the region include the breath-taking countryside of the Wetterstein range and the Zugspitze, the Karwendel nature park with the well-known Ahornboden area, the Mieminger chain of peaks with the mighty Hohe Munde and the nature preserve of the Wildmoos. Around 143 kilometres of cleared and prepared winter walking trails are available in the region - a map with descriptions of all walks and cross-country trails is available in all information offices.

The Bergbahnen Rosshütte lifts will bring you to over 2000 meters altitude in a few minutes. In winter, enjoy 19 kilometres of beautifully prepared ski runs.

Don't miss the highpoint of the Seefeld nightlife - the highest casino in Austria. The casino, at the start of the pedestrian area (open every day from 2:00 pm) offers an elegant atmosphere and a range of games on offer.

Olympiaregion Seefeld guest card

Guests staying in the Olympiaregion Seefeld usually benefit from local advantages and price reductions. You will receive your Olympiaregion Seefeld guest card directly from your accommodation provider upon your arrival. Upon presentation of your card and/or after having extras electronically added to your card, you can take advantage of a wide spectrum of discounts and special offers. The guest card is also valid as a bus ticket for the regional public transport during your stay. See https://www.seefeld.com/en/guestcard and https://www.seefeld.com/en/experience-shop#/experiences

Olympia Sport- and Kongresszentrum
Indoor and outdoor pools, sauna, massage, tanning beds - all that and more is on offer at **Olympia Sport- and Kongresszentrum**. **Nanometa participants will get a 10% discount upon showing the congress pass on the 4h ticket for the swimming pool or sauna. Massage or solarium (tanning beds) are not included**. A few hotels offer free entrance passes to the indoor swimming pool. The congress centre also includes a cinema, an ice-skating rink and has a garage. Nanometa participants benefit from an adjusted cost of €3,00 for 6 hours parking. **To benefit from this advantage, payment at the pool cash desk must be done.**

Events in Seefeld during the conference:
See https://www.seefeld.com/en/seefeld-christmas-market.html
See https://www.seefeld.com/en/light-installations.html

Further tourist information may be obtained at the Information office:
Informationsbüro Seefeld, Bahnhofplatz 115, AT-6100 Seefeld
Phone: +43 50 880, website: https://www.seefeld.com/en/

The office also offers a direct online search for accommodation.

Conference Committee

Conference Chairs

Nikolay Zheludev, *University of Southampton, Southampton, UK and NTU Singapore, Singapore*

Nikolay Zheludev is deputy director of the Optoelectronics Research Centre at the University of Southampton UK and co-Director of the Photonics institute at NTU, Singapore. His research interests are in nanophotonics and metamaterials. His accolades include the Michael Faraday Gold Medal, the Thomas Young Medal, the IPS President Medal and the Science and Technology Award by the President of Singapore. He is a fellow of the Royal Society and a member of the US National Academy of Engineering.

Harald Giessen, *University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany*

Harald Giessen is full professor and holds the Chair for Ultrafast Nanooptics in the Department of Physics at the University of Stuttgart. He is also co-chair of the Stuttgart Center of Photonics Engineering, SCoPE. He is associated researcher at the Center for Disruptive Photonic Technologies at Nanyang Technical University, Singapore. He received an ERC Advanced Grant in 2012 for his work on complex nanoplasmonics He is a Fellow of the Optical Society of America. In 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021, he was named „Highly Cited Researcher“ (top 1%) by the Institute of Scientific Information. In 2021, he was elected as a Full Member into the Honor Society Sigma Xi. In 2021, he was awarded the Gips-Schüle Research Prize together with Simon Thiele and Alois Herkommer for his pioneering work on 3D printed microoptics. He was awarded the 2024 Robert-Wichard-Pohl Prize of the German Physical Society for developing 3D printed microoptics.

Programme Committee Members

Jeremy Baumberg, *University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom*
Alexandra Boltasseva, *Stanford University, Stanford, CA, USA*
Mark Brongersma, *Stanford University, CA, USA*
Che Ting Chan, *UST – Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, China*
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Giulia Tagliabue, *EPFL – École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland*
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Ewold Verhagen, *AMOLF, Amsterdam, The Netherlands*
Rachel Won, *Nature Publishing Group, United Kingdom*
Lei Zhou, *Fudan University, Shanghai, China*

Programme at a Glance

No.	Title	Day	Begin	End	Room
WED1o	Opening remarks and plenary talk 1 - Andrea Alù	Wednesday	08:45	10:00	Olympia
	Coffee break	Wednesday	10:00	10:15	Foyer
WED2o	Nanophotonic energy solutions for the climate crisis	Wednesday	10:15	12:15	Olympia
WED2s	Nanophotonics I	Wednesday	10:15	12:15	Seefeld/Tirol
	Lunch break	Wednesday	12:15	16:00	Foyer
WED3o	Industry talk 1 - Heidelberg Instruments	Wednesday	16:00	17:00	Olympia
WED4o	Energy symposium / Topological photonics I	Wednesday	17:00	18:30	Olympia
WED4s	Photon - Electron interaction I	Wednesday	17:00	18:30	Seefeld/Tirol
	Coffee break	Wednesday	18:30	18:45	Foyer
WED5o	Energy symposium / Topological photonics II	Wednesday	18:45	19:45	Olympia
WED5s	Photon - Electron interaction II	Wednesday	18:45	19:45	Seefeld/Tirol
THU1o	Plenary talk 2 - Krzysztof Sacha	Thursday	09:00	10:00	Olympia
	Coffee break	Thursday	10:00	10:15	Foyer
THU2o	Metasurfaces I	Thursday	10:15	12:15	Olympia
THU2s	Tailoring matter I	Thursday	10:15	12:15	Seefeld/Tirol
	Lunch break	Thursday	12:15	16:00	Foyer
THU3o	Industry talk 2 - NKT Photonics	Thursday	16:00	17:00	Olympia
THU4f	Poster session	Thursday	17:00	18:30	Foyer
THU5o	Metasurfaces II	Thursday	18:30	19:30	Olympia
THU5s	Tailoring matter II	Thursday	18:30	19:30	Seefeld/Tirol
THU6o	Plenary talk 3 - Demetrios Christodoulides	Thursday	19:30	20:30	Olympia
FRI1o	Plenary talk 4 - Mordechai Segev	Friday	09:00	10:00	Olympia
	Coffee break	Friday	10:00	10:15	Foyer
FRI2o	NANO-opto-mechanics	Friday	10:15	12:30	Olympia
FRI2s	Ultrafast plasmonics	Friday	10:15	12:15	Seefeld/Tirol
	Lunch break	Friday	12:30	16:00	Foyer
FRI3o	Industry talk 3 - attocube systems	Friday	16:00	17:00	Olympia
FRI4o	Time crystals	Friday	17:00	18:15	Olympia
FRI4s	Nonlinear metamaterials	Friday	17:00	18:15	Seefeld/Tirol
	Coffee break	Friday	18:15	18:30	Foyer
FRI5o	Time crystals / Plasmonic twistronics	Friday	18:30	19:30	Olympia
FRI5s	Metasurfaces II	Friday	18:30	19:30	Seefeld/Tirol
SAT1o	Plenary talk 5 - Nader Engheta	Saturday	09:00	10:00	Olympia
	Coffee break	Saturday	10:00	10:15	Foyer
SAT2o	Nanophotonics II	Saturday	10:15	12:15	Olympia
SAT2s	Metasurfaces III	Saturday	10:15	12:00	Seefeld/Tirol
SAT3o	Prize ceremony and closing remarks by Nikolay Zheludev & Harald Giessen	Saturday	12:15	13:30	Olympia
	Beer reception	Saturday	13:30	14:30	Foyer

Plenary Talks at a Glance

Wednesday 3 January 2024

WED1o.1: Opening remarks and plenary talk 1, 8:45 - 10:00, Olympia room

Andrea Alù
City University of New York, New York, USA

Extreme control over light and sound with metasurfaces
In this talk, I overview our recent research activity in photonics, acoustics and polaritonics, showing how suitably structured surfaces have been opening exciting avenues to enable extreme wave phenomena for light and sound manipulation at the nanoscale.

Thursday 4 January 2024

THU1o.1: Plenary Talk 2, 9:00 - 10:00, Olympia room

Krzysztof Sacha
Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland

Time crystals
Periodically driven systems can reveal time crystalline structures that exhibit various condensed matter properties. Time crystals can also spontaneously form in interacting systems. During the lecture, both of these methods of creating time crystals will be discussed, and the path to time-tronics, which involves building useful systems, will be outlined.

THU6o.1: Plenary Talk 3, 19:30 - 20:30, Olympia room

Demetrios Christodoulides
University of Southern California, Los Angeles, USA

Optical thermodynamics of highly multimode nonlinear photonic systems
We provide an overview of recent developments in the field of optical thermodynamics. This theoretical framework can be used to predict and understand the utterly complex processes currently observed in nonlinear multimode optical arrangements. The possibility for deploying these methodologies for applications will be discussed.

Friday 5 January 2024

FRI1o.1: Plenary Talk 4, 9:00 - 10:00, Olympia room

Mordechai (Moti) Segev
Technion - Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

Light-matter interactions in photonic time-crystals
The fundamentals of Photonic Time-Crystals (PTCs) will be introduced, along with classical and quantum features of light emission in PTCs from free electrons, classical dipoles, quantum fluctuations, and atoms. Recent experiments in realizing time-reflections at optical frequencies will be presented.

Saturday 6 January 2024

SAT1o.1: Plenary Talk 5, 9:00- 10:00, Olympia room, Olympia room

Nader Engheta
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, USA

Sculpting light with metastructures
I will present an overview of our ongoing work on structuring light with metastructures, with particular emphasis on wave-based analog computing and 4D optics. I will show how inverse-designed metasurfaces can be used as computing and processing machines, and how spatiotemporal variation of material parameters opens up new possibilities in light-matter interaction.

Breakthrough Talks at a Glance

Wednesday 3 January 2024

WED5o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics II, 18:45 - 19:45, Olympia room

WED5o.2, 19:15
Optical pumping of electronic quantum Hall states with vortex light
Deric Session[1], Mahmoud Jalali Mehrabad[1], Nikil Paithankar[2], Tobias Grass[3,4], Christian Eckhardt[5,6], Bin Cao[1], Daniel Suarez Forero[1], Kevin Li[1], Mohammad S. Alam[1], Kenji Watanabe[7], Takashi Taniguchi[7], Glenn S. Solomon[8], Nathan Schine[1], Jay Sau [1,9], Roman Sordan[2], and Mohammad Hafezi[1]; *[1]Joint Quantum Institute (JQI), University of Maryland, College Park, USA; [2]L-NESS, Department of Physics, Politecnico di Milano, Como, Italy; [3]DIPC - Donostia International Physics Center, San Sebastian, Spain; [4]Ikerbasque - Basque Foundation for Science, Bilbao, Spain; [5]Institut für Theorie der Statistischen Physik, RWTH Aachen University and JARA-Fundamentals of Future Information Technology, Aachen, Germany; [6]Max Planck Institute for the Structure and Dynamics of Matter, Center for Free-Electron Laser Science (CFEL), Hamburg, Germany; [7]National Institute for Materials Science, Tsukuba, Japan; [8]Department of Physics University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia; [9]Condensed Matter Theory Center, University of Maryland, College Park, USA*

WED5s: Photon - Electron interaction II, 18:45 - 19:45, Seefeld/Tirol room

WED5s.2, 19:15
Chiral optical nano-cavity with atomically thin mirrors
Daniel G. Suarez- Forero[1], Ruihao Ni[2], **Supratik Sarkar**[1], Mahmoud Jalali Mehrabad[1], Erik Mechtel[1], Valery Simonyan[1], Andrey Grankin[1], Kenji Watanabe[3], Takashi Taniguchi[3], Suji Park[4], Houk Jang[4], Mohammad Hafezi[1], and You Zhou[2]; *[1]Joint Quantum Institute, University of Maryland, College Park, USA; [2]Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, USA; [3]National Institute for Materials Science, Tsukuba, Japan; [4]Center for Functional Nanomaterials, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, USA*

Thursday 4 January 2024

THU5o: Metasurfaces II, 18:30–19:30, Olympia room

THU5o.2, 19:00
Nonreciprocal phase transitions and time-space crystals
Kevin MacDonald[1], Tongjun Liu[1], Venugopal Raskatla[1], Jinxiang Li[2], and Nikolay Zheludev[1,2]; *[1]University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom; [2]Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore*

THU5s: Tailoring matter II, 18:30–19:30, Seefeld/Tirol room

THU5s.3, 19:00
Optomechanical meta-matter through temporal modulation
Ewold Verhagen[1], Jesse Slim[1], Javier del Pino[1,2], Clara Wanjura[3], Matteo Brunelli[4], and Andreas Nunnenkamp[5]; *[1]AMOLF, Amsterdam, Netherlands; [2]ETH Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland; [3]Max Planck Institute for the Science of Light, Erlangen, Germany; [4]University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland; [5]University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria*

Keynote Talks at a Glance

Wednesday 3 January 2024

WED2o: Nanophotonic energy solutions for the climate crisis, 10:15 - 12:15, Olympia room

WED2o.1, 10:15
A nanophotonics guide to global radiative energy balance and design of scalable radiative cooling solutions
Harry Atwater, *California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA*

WED2o.2, 10:45
Enhancing sustainability through nanophotonic innovations
Emiliano Cortes, *Nanoinstitute Munich, Faculty of Physics, University of Munich (LMU), Munich, Germany*

WED2o.3, 11:15
Nanoscale light and carrier management for improved photovoltaics
Albert Polman, *Center for Nanophotonics, Amsterdam, Netherlands*

WED2o.4, 11:45
Unraveling photoluminescence and hot carrier processes with monocrystalline gold
Giulia Tagliabue, *EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland*

WED4o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics I, 17:00 - 18:30, Olympia room

WED4o., 17:00
Harnessing nonequilibrium excitations in quantum materials for energy conversion
Prineha Narang, *UCLA, Los Angeles, USA*

Invited Talks at a Glance

Wednesday 3 January 2024

WED2s: Nanophotonics I, 10:15 - 12:15, Seefeld/Tirol room

WED2s.1, 10:15
Real time nanoscopy – from imaging dynamic near-fields to visualizing the light inside photonic integrated circuits
Guy Bartal, *Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Israel, Israel*

WED2s.6, 11:45
Mie voids for sensing, nanoscale detection, and metasurfaces
Mario Hentschel[1], Serkan Arslan[1], Micha Kappel[1], Michelle Pfahl[1], Kirill Koshelev[2], Julian Karst[1], Thomas Weiss[3], Yuri Kivshar[3], and Harald Giessen[1]; *[1]4th Physics Institute and Research Center SCoPE, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany; [2]Nonlinear Physics Centre, Research School of Physics, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia; [3]Institute of Physics, University of Graz, and NAWI Graz, Graz, Austria*

WED4o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics I, 17:00 - 18:30, Olympia room

WED4o.2, 17:30
4D conserved topological charge vectors in plasmonic quasicrystals
Shai Tsesses[1,7,8], Pascal Dreher[2], David Janoschka[2], Kobi Cohen[1], Tim C. Meiler [3,4], Tomer Bucher[1], Shay Sapir[5], Bettina Frank[3], Timothy J. Davis [2,3,6], Frank Meyer zu Heringdorf[2], Harald Giessen[3], and Guy Bartal[1]; *[1]Andrew & Erna Viterbi Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel—[2]Faculty of Physics and Center for Nanointegration, Duisburg-Essen (CENIDE), University of Duisburg-Essen, Duisburg, Germany; [3]4th Physics Institute, Research Center SCoPE, and Integrated Quantum Science and Technology Center, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany; [4]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies and School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore; [5]Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel; [6]School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Parkville, Australia; [7]The Russell Berrie Nanotechnology Institute, Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel; [8]Department of Physics, MIT-Harvard Center for Ultracold Atoms and Research Laboratory of Electronics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA*

WED4s: Photon - Electron interaction I, 17:00 - 18:30, Seefeld/Tirol room

WED4s.1, 17:00
Attosecond Quantum Optics
Alexey Gorlach[1], Matan Even Tzur[2], Michael Birk [1,2], Andrea Pizzi[3], Nicholas Rivera[3], Michael Krüger[2], Oren Cohen[2], and **Ido Kaminer**[1]; *[1]Technion, Department of Electrical Engineering, Haifa, Israel; [2]Technion, Department of Physics, Haifa, Israel; [3]Harvard University, Department of Physics, Cambridge, USA*

WED4s.2, 17:30
Mapping Decoherence Dynamics with Electron Microscopes
Nahid Talebi, *Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics, Kiel University, Kiel, Germany*

WED5o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics II, 18:45 - 19:45, Olympia room

WED5o.1, 18:45
Nanolasers: Dynamics and Phase Locking
Yeshaiahu (Shaya) Fainman, Sizhu Jiang, Suruj Deka, and Athena Pan; *Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California San Diego, La Jolla, USA*

WED5s: Photon - Electron interaction II, 18:45 - 19:45, Seefeld/Tirol room

WED5s.1, 18:45
Quantum photonics with free electrons: Challenges and opportunities
Javier García de Abajo, *ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Barcelona, Spain*

Thursday 4 January 2024

THU2o: Metasurfaces I, 10:15 - 12:15, Olympia room

THU2o.1, 10:15
THz nanoscopy of ultraconfined in-plane anisotropic plasmon polaritons
Rainer Hillenbrand, *CIC nanoGUNE BRTA, San Sebastian, Spain and IKERBASQUE, Basque Foundation for Science, Bilbao, Spain*

THU2o.4, 11:15
Spectrally selective metasurfaces for maximally chiral light-matter interactions
Andreas Tittl, *Nano-Institute Munich, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany*

THU2o.5,11:45 Olympia
Revealing local optical properties in deep-subwavelength ultra-high index topological insulators Bi_2Se_3 and Bi_2Te_3
***Sukanta Nandi**, Shany Z. Cohen, Danveer Singh, Michal Poplinger, Pilkhaz Nanikashvili, Doron Naveh, and Tomer Lewi; Faculty of Engineering, Bar-Ilan University, Ramat Gan, Israel and Institute of Nanotechnology and Advanced Materials, Bar-Ilan University, Ramat Gan, Israel*

THU2s: Tailoring matter I, 10:15 - 12:15, Seefeld/Tirol room

THU2s.1, 10:15
Nanotransfer printing for extreme plasmonic devices
Farnaz Niroui, *Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA*

THU2s.2, 10:45
Multi-frequency approach towards virtual gain for compensation of optical loss of polaritons
Shuang Zhang, *New Cornerstone Science Foundation, Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, China*

THU2s.5, 11:45
Discovery of scale-invariant lasers
Boubacar Kante, *University of California, Berkeley, USA and Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, USA*

THU5o: Metasurfaces II, 18:30 - 19:30, Olympia room

THU5o.1, 18:30
Non-reciprocal phase transitions
Michel Fruchart, *James Franck Institute and Department of Physics, University of Chicago, Chicago, USA; Gulliver, ESPCI Paris, Université PSL, CNRS, Paris, France*

Friday 5 January 2024

FRI2o: NANO-opto-mechanics, 10:15 - 12:30, Olympia room

FRI2o.1, 10:15
Levitated optomechanics meets nanophotonics
Romain Quidant, *ETH Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland*

FRI2o.2, 10:45
How thin film photonics unlocks the power of Fano resonance and extreme optomechanics
Giuseppe Strangi, *Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, USA*

FRI2o.3, 11:15
Direct measurement of radiation pressure forces on membrane lightsails
Lior Michaeli[1], **Ramon Gao**[1], Michael D. Kelzenberg[1], Claudio U. Hail[1], John E. Sader[2], and Harry A. Atwater[1]; *[1]Department of Applied Physics and Materials Science, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA; [2]Graduate Aerospace Laboratories, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, USA*

FRI2o.4, 11:45
Quantum control of phononic resonators: from milli-Kelvin to room temperature
Albert Schliesser, *Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark and Center for Hybrid Quantum Networks, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark*

FRI2s: Ultrafast plasmonics, 10:15 - 12:15, Seefeld/Tirol room

FRI2s.1, 10:15
Attosecond electron microscopy
Peter Baum, *Universität Konstanz, Konstanz, Germany*

FRI2s.2, 10:45
Far-field petahertz sampling of plasmonic fields
Kai-Fu Wong[1,2], Weiwei Li[3,4], Zilong Wang[3,4], Vincent Wanie[2], Erik Månsson[2], Dominik Höing[1,5], Johannes Blöchl[3,4], Thomas Nubbemeyer[3,4], Andrea Trabattoni[2,6], Holger Lange[1,5], Francesca Calegari[1,2], and Matthias F. Kling[3,4,7]; *[1]The Hamburg Centre for Ultrafast Imaging, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany; [2]Center for Free-Electron Laser Science, DESY, Hamburg, Germany; [3]Max Planck Institute of Quantum Optics, MPQ, Garching, Germany; [4]Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, LMU, München, Germany; [5]Institute of Physical Chemistry, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany; [6]Institute of Quantum Optics, Leibniz Universität Hannover, Hannover, Germany; [7]SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford University, Menlo Park, USA*

FRI2s.5, 11:45
Spontaneous symmetry breaking in plasmon lattice lasers
Nelson de Gaay Fortman[1,3], Radoslaw Kolkowski[2], Debapriya Pal[3], Said Rodriguez[3], Peter Schall[1], and Femius Koenderink[1,3]; *[1]Institute of Physics, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands; [2]Department of Applied Physics, Aalto University, Aalto, Finland; [3]Department of Physics of Information in Matter and Center for Nanophotonics, AMOLF, Amsterdam, Netherlands*

FRI4o: Time crystals, 17:00 - 18:15 Olympia room

FRI4o.4, 17:45
Engineering light scattering through temporal structure
Emanuele Galiffi[1], Gengyu Xu[1], Shixiong Yin[1], Romain Tirole[1], Stefano Vezzoli[2], Riccardo Sapienza[2], and Andrea Alu[1,3]; *[1]Advanced Science Research Center, City University of New York, New York, USA; [2]Blackett Laboratory, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom; [3]Physics Program, Graduate Center, City University of New York, New York, USA*

FRI4s: Nonlinear metamaterials, 17:00 - 18:15, Seefeld/Tirol room

FRI4s.4 (103) Friday, 17:45 Tirol
Attosecond electron microscopy by free-electron homodyne detection —
John H. Gaida[1,2], Hugo Lourenço-Martins[1,2], Murat Sivis[1,2], Thomas Rittmann[1,2], Armin Feist[1,2], Javier F. García de Abajo[3,4], and Claus Ropers[1,2]; *[1]Department of Ultrafast Dynamics, Max Planck Institute for Multidisciplinary Sciences, Göttingen, Germany; [2]4th Physical Institute, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany; [3]ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Castelldefels (Barcelona), Spain; [4]ICREA-Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, Barcelona, Spain*

FRI5o: Time crystals / Plasmonic twistronics, 18:30 - 19:30, Olympia room

FRI5o.1, 18:30
Photonic time crystals and parametric amplification: Similarity and distinction
Jacob Khurgin, *Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA*

FRI5o.2, 19:00
Plasmonic twistronics: Discovery of plasmonic skyrmion bags
Julian Schwab[1], Alexander Neuhaus[2], Pascal Dreher[2], Shai Tsesses[3], Anant Mantha[1], Florian Mangold[1], Bettina Frank[1], Guy Bartal[3], Frank-J. Meyer zu Heringdorf[2], Timothy J. Davis[1,2,4], and Harald Giessen[1]; *[1]4th Physics Institute, Research Center SCoPE, and Integrated Quantum Science and Technology Center, Stuttgart, Germany; [2]Faculty of Physics and Center for Nanointegration, Duisburg, Germany; [3]Andrew and Erna Viterbi Department of Electrical Engineering, Haifa, Israel; [4]School of Physics, Melbourne, Australia*

FRI5s: Metasurfaces II, 18:30 - 19:30, Seefeld/Tirol room

FRI5s.1, 18:30
Symmetry-controlled dielectric membrane metamaterials for circularly polarized harmonic generation
Kuniaki Konishi[1] and **Makoto Kuwata-Gonokami**[1,2]; *[1]The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan; [2]RIKEN, Saitama, Japan*

FRI5s.2, 19:00
Nature-inspired, colorimetric metasurfaces for next-generation imaging of tissue microstructure
Lisa Poulikakos, *University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA*

Saturday 6 January 2024

SAT2o: Nanophotonics II, 10:15 - 12:15, Olympia room

SAT2o.1, 10:15
Atomically engineered optical gain for nanophotonics
Andreas Liapis, Peng Liu, and **Zhipei Sun**; *QTF Centre of Excellence, Department of Electronics and Nanoengineering, Aalto University, Espoo, Finland*

SAT2o.2, 10:45
Coupling single electrons and photons using high-Q photonics
Armin Feist[1,2], Guanhao Huang [3,4], Germaine Arend[1,2], Yujia Yang[3,4], Jan-Wilke Henke[1,2], Arslan Sajid Raja[3,4], F. Jasmin Kappert[1,2], Rui Ning Wang[3,4], Hugo Lourenço-Martins[1,2], Zheru Qiu[3,4], Junqiu Liu[3,4], Ofer Kfir[1,2], Tobias J. Kippenberg[3,4], and Claus Ropers[1,2]; *[1]Max Planck Institute of Multidisciplinary Sciences, Göttingen, Germany; [2]IV. Physical Institute, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany; [3]Institute of Physics, EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland; [4]Center for Quantum Science and Engineering, EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland*

SAT2o.5, 11:45
Meta-couplers for linking propagating waves and surface waves
Lei Zhou, *Physics Department, Fudan University, Shanghai, China*

SAT2s: Metasurfaces III, 10:15 - 12:00, Seefeld/Tirol room

SAT2s.1, 10:15
Imaging with meta lenses- capabilities and limitations
Uriel Levy, *Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel*

Technology Talks at a Glance

Wednesday 3 January 2024
WED3o, Industry talk 1, 16:00 - 17:00, Olympia room
Expanding the lithography toolbox
Vasileios Theofylaktopoulos, *Heidelberg Instruments Nano, Zurich, Switzerland*

Thursday 4 January 2024
THU3o.1, Industry talk 2, 16:00 - 17:00, Olympia room
Supercontinuum white light lasers - a powerful tool for nano-photonics research and materials science
Nicolai Granzow, *NKT Photonics A/S, Birkerød, Denmark*

Friday 5 January 2024
FRI3o.1, Industry talk 3, 16:00 - 17:00, Olympia room
Infrared correlation nanoscopy for organic and inorganic material analysis at the nanoscale
Andreas Huber, Bogdan Sava, Claas Reckmeier, and Alexander Govyadinov; *attocube systems AG, Haar, Germany*

WED1o: Opening remarks and plenary talk 1

Chaired by Nikolay Zheludev, University of Southampton, UK & NTU, Singapore and Harald Giessen, University of Stuttgart, Germany

Time: Wednesday, 8:45–10:00 Location: Olympia

Opening Remarks

Plenary WED1o.1 9:00

Extreme Control Over Light and Sound with Metasurfaces — •Andrea Alu — City University of New York, New York, USA

In this talk, I overview our recent research activity in photonics, acoustics and polaritonics, showing how suitably structured surfaces have been opening exciting avenues to enable extreme wave phenomena for light and sound manipulation at the nanoscale.

10:00–10:15: Coffee break

WED2o: Nanophotonic energy solutions for the climate crisis

Chaired by Rachel Won, Nature Photonics at Nature Publishing Group, London, United Kingdom

Time: Wednesday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Olympia

Keynote WED2o.1 10:15

A Nanophotonics Guide to Global Radiative Energy Balance and Design of Scalable Radiative Cooling Solutions — •Harry Atwater — California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA

In this presentation, I will discuss two themes: 1) how the global radiative flux balance in the land, sea and atmospheric environments influences and dictates global temperatures and 2) what concepts and motifs from nanophotonics could lead to scalable approaches to radiative cooling.

Keynote WED2o.2 10:45

Enhancing sustainability through nanophotonic innovations — •Emiliano Cortes — Nanoinstitute Munich, Faculty of Physics, University of Munich (LMU), Munich, Germany

The chemical industry, a major energy consumer, emitted 925 megatonnes of carbon dioxide in 2021. To combat this, it aims to transition to sustainable alternatives, developing catalysts powered by sunlight. Plasmonic-based photocatalysts show promise, outperforming traditional catalysts. Metasurfaces enhance further the light-matter interaction in our nanophotonics journey towards green energy.

WED2s: Nanophotonics I

Chaired by Ido Kaminer, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

Time: Wednesday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited WED2s.1 10:15

Real time nanoscopy – from imaging dynamic near-fields to visualizing the light inside photonic integrated circuits — •Guy Bartal — Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Israel, Israel

I will present our recent achievements relying on new capabilities. Those include active control over plasmonic near-field patterns such as directing plasmonic focal spot over several microns with 30nm control precision, toggling among multiple values of angular momentum of near-field modes and the visualization of light inside silicon photonic devices.

Oral WED2s.2 10:45

Imaging of quasi-bound-state-in-the-continuum properties of dielectric metasurfaces by near-field microscopy — Thorsten Gölz[1], Andreas Aigner[1], •Enrico Baù[1], Martin Barkey[1], Andrea Mancini[1,2], Fritz Keilmann[1], Stefan A. Maier[1,3,4], and Andreas Tittl[1] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nanoinstitute Munich, Ludwig-Maximillians University, Munich, Germany — [2]Center for Nano Science and Technology, Fondazione Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Milan, Italy — [3]School of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University, Clayton, Australia — [4]Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

Using transmission mode scattering scanning near-field optical microscopy, we study the near-field of quasi-bound-states-in-the-continuum (BIC) array metasurfaces and analyze how the collective mode of the resonator arrays depends on the array size, direction and asymmetry of its elements.

Oral WED2s.3 11:00

Metasurface-on-fiber platform for generating arbitrarily structured light — •Chenhao Li[1], Leonardo de S. Menezes[1,2], Stefan A. Maier[3,4,1], Markus A. Schmidt[5,6,7], and Haoran Ren[3] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nanoinstitute Munich, Faculty of Physics, Ludwig Maximilian University of Munich, Munich, Germany — [2]Departamento de Física, Universidade Federal de Pernambuco, Recife-PE, Brazil — [3]School of Physics and Astronomy, Faculty of Science, Monash University, Melbourne, Australia — [4]Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom — [5]Leibniz Institute of Photonic Technology, Jena, Germany — [6]Abbe Center of Photonics and Faculty of Physics, Jena, Germany — [7]Otto Schott Institute of Material Research, Jena, Germany

Structured light has proven useful for numerous photonic applications. However, its current use in optical fiber-based systems is severely limited. We demonstrate a 3D direct laser-written metafiber platform that generates arbitrary structured light directly from an optical fiber output, providing a new approach for light shaping in integrated optical systems.

Keynote WED2o.3 11:15

Nanoscale light and carrier management for improved photovoltaics — •Albert Polman — Center for Nanophotonics, Amsterdam, Netherlands

We present light and carrier management strategies for photovoltaic energy conversion and demonstrate the world record efficiency for Si-based multi-junction solar cells (36.1%).

Oral WED2s.4 11:15

High-Q wavefront shaping with higher-order Mie-resonant metasurfaces — •Claudio U. Hail, Morgan Foley, Ruzan Sokhoyan, Lior Michaeli, and Harry A. Atwater — California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA

We report on a higher-order Mie-resonant optical metasurface for manipulating light in two dimensions with high quality factor as exemplified by beam deflection and radial lensing with up to Q = 1458.

Oral WED2s.5 11:30

Optically addressable spin defects coupled to bound states in the continuum metasurfaces — Luca Sortino[1], Angus Gale[2], Lucca Kühner[1], Chi Li[3], •Jonas Biechteler[1], Fedja J. Wendisch[1], Mehran Kianinia[2], Haoran Ren[3], Milos Toth[2,4], Stefan A. Maier[3,5], Igor Aharonovich[2,4], and Andreas Tittl[1] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nanoinstitute Munich, Faculty of Physics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, 80539 Munich, Germany — [2]School of Mathematical and Physical Sciences, University of Technology Sydney, Ultimo, New South Wales 2007, Australia — [3]School of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University, Wellington Rd, Clayton VIC 3800, Australia — [4]ARC Centre of Excellence for Transformative Meta-Optical Systems, University of Technology Sydney, Ultimo, New South Wales 2007, Australia — [5]The Blackett Laboratory, Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London SW7 2AZ, United Kingdom

We demonstrate the scalable integration of hexagonal boron nitride spin defects coupled within monolithic quasi-bound states in the continuum metasurfaces, achieving a 25-fold increase of the spin defects photoluminescence intensity and spectral narrowing below 4 nm linewidth.

Keynote WED2o.4 11:45

Unraveling photoluminescence and hot carrier processes with monocrystalline gold — •Giulia Tagliabue — EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland

Using ultra-thin monocrystalline flakes, we present combined experimental and theoretical results that unravel the origin of luminescence in gold and clarify hot hole injection in plasmonic catalysis.

Invited WED2s.6 11:45

Mie voids for sensing, nanoscale detection, and metasurfaces — •Mario Hentschel[1], Serkan Arslan[1], Micha Kappel[1], Michelle Pfahl[1], Kirill Koshelev[2], Julian Karst[1], Thomas Weiss[3], Yuri Kivshar[3], and Harald Giessen[1] — [1]4th Physics Institute and Research Center SCoPE, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany — [2]Nonlinear Physics Centre, Research School of Physics, Australian National University, Canberra , Australia — [3]Institute of Physics, University of Graz, and NAWI Graz, Graz, Austria

Single Mie voids are used to resolve refractive index changes in the 10-4 range in sub femtoliter volumes as well as for all-optical sizing and counting of microplastic. Moreover, the potential of these resonances for Mie void-based reflective metasurfaces is demonstrated.

12:15–16:00: Lunch break

WED3o: Industry talk 1

Time: Wednesday, 16:00–17:00 Location: Olympia

Technology WED3o.1 16:00

Expanding the lithography toolbox — •Vasileios Theofylaktopoulos — Heidelberg Instruments Nano, Zurich, Switzerland

This talk will introduce thermal scanning probe lithography (tSPL) and two photon polymerization (TPP) and their application in photonics, metamaterials and devices based on nanopatterning.

WED4o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics I

Chaired by Giulia Tagliabue, EPFL - École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland

Time: Wednesday, 17:00–18:30 Location: Olympia

Keynote WED4o.1 17:00

Harnessing nonequilibrium excitations in quantum materials for energy conversion — •Prineha Narang — UCLA, Los Angeles, USA

I will present an introduction to theoretical and computational approaches to describe nonequilibrium dynamics in quantum matter, and predicting emergent states created by external drives.

Invited WED4o.2 17:30

4D conserved topological charge vectors in plasmonic quasicrystals — •Shai Tsesses[1,7,8], Pascal Dreher[2], David Janoschka[2], Kobi Cohen[1], Tim C. Meiler[3,4], Tomer Bucher[1], Shay Sapir[5], Bettina Frank[3], Timothy J. Davis[2,3,6], Frank Meyer zu Heringdorf[2], Harald Giessen[3], and Guy Bartal[1] — [1]Andrew & Erna Viterbi Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [2]Faculty of Physics and Center for Nanointegration, Duisburg-Essen (CENIDE), University of Duisburg-Essen, Duisburg, Germany — [3]4th Physics Institute, Research Center SCoPE, and Integrated Quantum Science and Technology Center, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany — [4]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies and School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore — [5]Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel — [6]School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Parkville, Australia — [7]The Russell Berrie Nanotechnology Institute, Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [8]Department of Physics, MIT-Harvard Center for Ultracold Atoms and Research Laboratory of Electronics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA

We discover topological charge vectors in 4D, which govern the real-space topology of 2D quasicrystals, and reveal their inherent conservation laws. We demonstrate control over the topology in pentagonal plasmonic quasi-lattices, mapped by both phase-resolved and time-domain near-field microscopy, opening a path to explore higher-dimensional topological physics and quasicrystal thermodynamics.

WED4s: Photon – Electron interaction I

Chaired by Guy Bartal, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

Time: Wednesday, 17:00–18:30 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited WED4s.1 17:00

Attosecond Quantum Optics — Alexey Gorlach[1], Matan Even Tzur[2], Michael Birk[1,2], Andrea Pizzi[3], Nicholas Rivera[3], Michael Krüger[2], Oren Cohen[2], and •Ido Kaminer[1] — [1]Technion, Department of Electrical Engineering, Haifa, Israel — [2]Technion, Department of Physics, Haifa, Israel — [3]Harvard University, Department of Physics, Cambridge, USA

Our work predicts how quantum features of light affect such highly nonlinear attosecond processes as high harmonic generation. Our findings are a part of an emerging field combining attosecond science and quantum optics, showing new applications of quantum information science in strong field physics.

Invited WED4s.2 17:30

Mapping Decoherence Dynamics with Electron Microscopes — •Nahid Talebi — Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics, Kiel University, Kiel, Germany

Exploring the ultrafast dephasing dynamics of solid-state excitations are perquisite for the realization of efficient nanophotonic systems. Here, we explore the dynamics of exciton polaritons and phonon-mediated transitions in atomic defect centres with electron beams, with 5 fs temporal resolution and 10 nm spatial resolution.

Oral WED4o.3 18:00

Observation of a dissipation induced topological edge state — Helene Wetter[1], Michael Fleischhauer[2], Julian Schmitt[3], and •Stefan Linden[1] — [1]Physikalisches Institut, Universität Bonn, Bonn, Germany — [2]Department of Physics and Research Center OPTIMAS, RPTU Kaiserslautern-Landau, Kaiserslautern, Germany — [3]Institut für Angewandte Physik, Universität Bonn, Bonn, Germany

We report on the observation of a topologically protected edge state soley induced by dissipation. For this purpose, we fabricate arrays of plasmonic waveguides with tailored absorption profiles. Using leakage radiation microscopy, we identify a zero-energy mode localized at the edge of the dissipative topological lattice.

Oral WED4o.4 18:15

withdrawn

Oral WED4s.3 18:00

X-Ray-Driven Photon Bunching — •Shaul Katznelson[1], Ofek Tziperman[1], Noam Kasten[1], Avner Shultzman[1], Tomer Bucher[1], Tom Lenkiewicz-Abudi[1], Roman Schuetz[1], Orr Be'er[2], Shai Levy[2], Rotem Strassberg[2], Georgy Dosovitsky[2], Yehonadav Bekenstein[2], Charles Roques-Carmes[3], and Ido Kaminer[1] — [1]Solid State Institute, Technion, Haifa, Israel — [2]Faculty of Materials Science and Engineering, Technion, Haifa, Israel — [3]E. L. Ginzton Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, USA

We measure the second-order coherence function $g^{(2)}(\tau)$ for X-ray-driven light emission (scintillation), observing extreme bunching values ($g^{(2)}(0)$ 97 ± 10) in perovskite nano-crystals. The $g^{(2)}(\tau)$ measurement provides a new method to extract the scintillation lifetime and yield.

Oral WED4s.4 18:15

Few-electron correlations and number statistics of free electron pulses in ultrafast photoemission from metal needle tips — •Jonas Heimerl[1], Stefan Meier[1], Alexander Mikhaylov[2], Maria Chekhova[1,2], and Peter Homelhoff[1,2] — [1]Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg, Erlangen, Germany — [2]Max Planck Institute for the Science of Light, Erlangen, Germany

We investigate Coulomb correlations of photo-emitted electrons from metal needle tips by ultrashort laser pulses. We observe a strong energy anti-correlation. Furthermore, we demonstrate that the electron number statistics inherits the statistics of the driving light, both for classical laser light and bright squeezed vacuum.

18:30–18:45: Coffee break

WED5o: Energy symposium / Topological photonics II

Chaired by Olga Smirnova, Max Born Institute, Berlin, Germany

Time: Wednesday, 18:45–19:45 Location: Olympia

Invited WED5o.1 18:45

Nanolasers: Dynamics and Phase Locking — •Yeshaiahu (Shaya) Fainman, Sizhu Jiang, Suruj Deka, and Athena Pan — Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California San Diego, La Jolla, USA

We discuss nanoscale metal-dielectric-semiconductor resonant gain geometries to create a new type of light emitters focusing on three key aspects: design and fabrication, second order intensity correlation characterizations, and coupled nanolasers dynamics.

WED5s: Photon – Electron interaction II

Chaired by Uriel Levy, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Israel

Time: Wednesday, 18:45–19:45 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited WED5s.1 18:45

Quantum photonics with free electrons: Challenges and opportunities — •Javier García de Abajo — ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Barcelona, Spain

Electron beams play a pivotal role as the means to uncover fundamental phenomena and manipulate nanoscale quantum optical excitations. We will overview recent advances in this emerging field, including manipulation of the electron density matrix, optically driven generation of subnanometer/subfemtosecond electron pulses, and quantum sensing of distant objects.

Breakthrough WED5o.2 19:15

Optical pumping of electronic quantum Hall states with vortex light — •Deric Session[1], Mahmoud Jalali Mehrabad[1], Nikil Paithankar[2], Tobias Grass[3,4], Christian Eckhardt[5,6], Bin Cao[1], Daniel Suarez Forero[1], Kevin Li[1], Mohammad S. Alam[1], Kenji Watanabe[7], Takashi Taniguchi[7], Glenn S. Solomon[8], Nathan Schine[1], Jay Sau[1,9], Roman Sordan[2], and Mohammad Hafezi[1] — [1]Joint Quantum Institute (JQI), University of Maryland, College Park, USA — [2]L-NESS, Department of Physics, Politecnico di Milano, Como, Italy — [3]DIPC - Donostia International Physics Center, San Sebastian, Spain — [4]Ikerbasque - Basque Foundation for Science, Bilbao, Spain — [5]Institut fuer Theorie der Statistischen Physik, RWTH Aachen University and JARA-Fundamentals of Future Information Technology, Aachen, Germany — [6]Max Planck Institute for the Structure and Dynamics of Matter, Center for Free-Electron Laser Science (CFEL), Hamburg, Germany — [7]National Institute for Materials Science, Tsukuba, Japan — [8]Department of Physics University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia — [9]Condensed Matter Theory Center, University of Maryland, College Park, USA

We present a novel mechanism for the transfer of orbital angular momentum from optical vortex beams to electronic quantum Hall states. Specifically, we identify a robust contribution to the radial photocurrent in an annular graphene sample within the quantum Hall regime that depends on the vorticity of light.

Breakthrough WED5s.2 19:15

Chiral Optical Nano-Cavity with Atomically Thin Mirrors — Supratik Sarkar[1], Ruihao Ni[2], •Daniel G. Suarez- Forero[1], Mahmoud Jalali Mehrabad[1], Erik Mechtel[1], Valery Simonyan[1], Andrey Grankin[1], Kenji Watanabe[3], Takashi Taniguchi[3], Suji Park[4], Houk Jang[4], Mohammad Hafezi[1], and You Zhou[2] — [1]Joint Quantum Institute, University of Maryland, College Park, USA — [2]Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, USA — [3]National Institute for Materials Science, Tsukuba, Japan — [4]Center for Functional Nanomaterials, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, USA

We propose and experimentally demonstrate a sub-wavelength 2D planar nanocavity using two atomically thin TMD mirrors. Remarkably, we show how the excitonic nature of the mirrors enables the formation of chiral and tunable cavity modes upon the application of an external magnetic field and is robust up to ≈100K.

THU1o: Plenary talk 2

Chaired by Mikhail Ivanov, Max-Born-Institute (MBI), Berlin, Germany

Time: Thursday, 9:00–10:00 Location: Olympia

Plenary THU1o.1 9:00

Time crystals — •Krzysztof Sacha — Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland

Periodically driven systems can reveal time crystalline structures that exhibit various condensed matter properties. Time crystals can also spontaneously form in interacting systems. During the lecture, both of these methods of creating time crystals will be discussed, and the path to time-tronics, which involves building useful systems, will be outlined.

10:00–10:15: Coffee break

THU2o: Metasurfaces I

Chaired by Nader Engheta, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, USA

Time: Thursday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Olympia

Invited THU2o.1 10:15

THz nanoscopy of ultraconfined in-plane anisotropic plasmon polaritons — •Rainer Hillenbrand — CIC nanoGUNE BRTA, San Sebastian, Spain — IKERBASQUE, Basque Foundation for Science, Bilbao, Spain

s-SNOM yields images of ultraconfined in-plane anisotropic THz plasmon polaritons in monoclinic silver telluride platelets. Placing the platelets above a metal, acoustic plasmon polaritons emerge. They increase the polaritons' direction-dependent relative propagation length and confinement, revealing an elliptical isofrequency contour in momentum space and the in-plane anisotropic effective electron masses.

Oral THU2o.2 10:45

Reconfigurable emissivity shaping metasurface based on the plasmonic phase-change material In_3SbTe_2 — •Lukas Conrads[1], Natalie Honné[1], Andreas Ulm[2], Andreas Hessler[1], Matthias Wuttig[1], Robert Schmitt[2], and Thomas Taubner[2] — [1]I. Institute of Physics (IA) RWTH Aachen University, Aachen, Germany — [2]Fraunhofer Institute of Production Technology, Aachen, Germany

The plasmonic phase-change material In_3SbTe_2 can be reversibly switched from an amorphous dielectric to a crystalline metallic state. Infrared emissivity-control by patterning an absorber metasurface is demonstrated for different polarizations only visible at large wavelengths. Additionally, we fabricate a 1x1 cm^2 metasurface with enhanced emissivity displaying an apparent temperature pattern.

Oral THU2o.3 11:00

Molecular J-aggregates Coupled to Dielectric Metasurfaces — Marco Marangi[1,2], Yutao Wang[1,2], Mengfei Wu[3], Febiana Tjiptoharsono[3], Arseniy Kuznetsov[3], •Giorgio Adamo[1,2], and Cesare Soci[1,2] — [1]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies, TPI, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore — [2]Division of Physics and Applied Physics, SPMS, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore — [3]IMRE, Agency for Science Technology and Research (A*STAR), Singapore, Singapore

Highly ordered molecular J-aggregates have been widely studied for their superradiant behavior. Here we demonstrate transition from weak to strong coupling of J-aggregates to resonant dielec-

THU2s: Tailoring matter I

Chaired by Yeshaiahu Fainman, University of California San Diego, La Jolla, USA

Time: Thursday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited THU2s.1 10:15

Nanotransfer printing for extreme plasmonic devices — •Farnaz Niroui — Massachusetts Institute of Technology , Cambridge , USA

We report a nanotransfer printing technique in which nanoscale engineering of forces allow bottom-up deterministic and high-yield fabrication of extreme plasmonic devices from nanoparticle building blocks. With this platform, we demonstrate examples of passive plasmonic devices and introduce a mechanism towards dynamically tunable designs leveraging mechanical reconfiguration.

Invited THU2s.2 10:45

Multi-frequency approach towards virtual gain for compensation of optical loss of polaritons — •Shuang Zhang — New Cornerstone Science Foundation, Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, China

We present a multi-frequency approach towards virtual gain for compensation of plasmonic loss. Our approach has been successfully applied for improving the resolution of superimaging, molecular sensing and propagation of polaritons.

tric metasurfaces, evidenced by Purcell enhancement of fluorescence and formation of polaritonic states, which may be used to control superradiance.

Invited THU2o.4 11:15

Spectrally selective metasurfaces for maximally chiral light-matter interactions — •Andreas Tittl — Nano-Institute Munich, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany

New concepts for obtaining additional nanophotonic functionalities in BIC-based systems are presented, with a focus on metasurfaces with true chirality. A multi-step nanofabrication approach is introduced to control the height of individual resonators within all-dielectric metasurfaces, enabling maximally chiral quasi-BIC metasurfaces that selectively couple to specific circular polarizations of light.

Invited THU2o.5 11:45

Revealing Local Optical Properties in Deep-Subwavelength Ultra-High Index Topological Insulators Bi2Se3 and Bi2Te3 — •Sukanta Nandi[1,2], Shany Z. Cohen[1,2], Danveer Singh[1,2], Michal Poplinger[1,2], Pilkhaz Nanikashvili[1,2], Doron Naveh[1,2], and Tomer Lewi[1,2] — [1]Faculty of Engineering, Bar-Ilan University, Ramat Gan 5290002, Israel — [2]Institute of Nanotechnology and Advanced Materials, Bar-Ilan University, Ramat Gan 5290002, Israel

We extract the optical constants of Bi2Se3 and Bi2Te3 across the 2-16um range, and utilize the material ultra-high index to fabricate deep-subwavelength nanostructures. Nanoimaging phase-mapping revealed local optical heterogeneity with varying imaginary part of the index. We measure up to 2π phase-shift across the resonance, in excellent agreement with simulations.

Oral THU2s.3 11:15

Silicon rich Nitride Dielectric Metasurface for Augmented Reality Display — •Oren Goldberg, Noa Mazurski, and Uriel Levy — Institute of Applied Physics, The Faculty of Science, The Center for Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel

We theoretically and experimentally demonstrate structural colors based on Silicon rich Nitride (SRN) metasurface for covering the sRGB chromaticity map.

Oral THU2s.4 11:30

Engineering Temperature Invariant Metaphotonics — •Shany Z. Cohen, Sukanta Nandi, Danveer Singh, and Tomer Lewi — Bar Ilan University, Ramat Gan, Israel

We use hybrid meta-atoms composed from two materials with positive and negative thermo-optic (TO) coefficients, to engineer nanophotonic components with zero effective TO effect (dneff/dT≈0). We demonstrate temperature invariant resonant frequency, amplitude, and phase response in meta-atoms and metasurfaces, operating across a broad temperature range (ΔT=500K).

Invited THU2s.5 11:45

Discovery of scale-invariant lasers — •Boubacar Kante — University of California, Berkeley, USA — Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, USA

Lasers play a fundamental role in science and technology from quantum computing, to communications, manufacturing, defense, sensing, medicine, or imaging.

12:15–16:00: Lunch break

THU3o: Industry talk 2

Time: Thursday, 16:00–17:00 Location: Olympia

Technology THU3o.1 16:00

Supercontinuum White Light Lasers - a Powerful Tool for Nano-Photonics Research and Materials Science — •Nicolai Granzow — NKT Photonics A/S, Birkeroed, Denmark

Supercontinuum "White Light Lasers" have become a well-established turn-key fiber-laser technology addressing a wide range of applications within Nano-Photonics research. In my presentation I will introduce what supercontinuum lasers are, how white laser light is generated, and show a range of scientific applications related to nano-photonics and optical metrology.

THU4f: Poster session

Time: Thursday, 17:00–18:30 Location: Foyer

Poster THU4f.1 17:00

A high-frequency solution for the diffraction of plane waves by truncated chiral metamaterial sheets — •Giovanni Riccio[1], Gianluca Gennarelli[2], Flaminio Ferrara[3], Rocco Guerriero[3], and Francesco Chiadini[3] — [1]D.I.E.M. - University of Salerno, Fisciano, Italy — [2]I.R.E.A. - C.N.R., Naples, Italy — [3]D.I.In. - University of Salerno, Fisciano, Italy

The diffraction problem involving a truncated chiral metamaterial sheet is solved by means of the Uniform Asymptotic Physical Optics approach. The provided solution is given in closed form and is easy to apply, and permits to compensate the discontinuities of the Geometrical Optics field at the shadow boundaries.

Poster THU4f.2 17:00

Gallium phosphide 2D optomechanical crystals for deterministic quantum memories — •Sho Tamaki[1,2], Théo Martel[3], Rémy Braive[3,4,5], and Albert Schliesser[1,2] — [1]Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark — [2]Center for Hybrid Quantum Networks, Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark — [3]Centre de Nanosciences et de Nanotechnologies, Palaiseau, France — [4]Université Paris Cité, Paris, France — [5]Institut Universitaire de France, Paris, France

We have proposed, implemented, and characterized a 2D optomechanical crystal device made of gallium phosphide aiming for deterministic quantum memories. The device is in the resolved-sideband regime and has vacuum optomechanical coupling strength $g_0/2\pi$ = 748 kHz.

Poster THU4f.3 17:00

Inducing valley polarization in WSe_2 and $MoSe_2$ monolayers at room temperature — •Sergii Morozov [1], Torgom Yezekyan [2], Christian Wolff [1], Sergey I. Bozhevolnyi [2,3], and N. Asger Mortensen [1,3] — [1]POLIMA - Center for Polariton-driven Light-Matter Interactions, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark — [2]Center for Nano Optics, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark — [3]Danish Institute for Advanced Study, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark

We investigate the control of valley polarization in WSe_2 and $MoSe_2$ monolayers via strong electron doping at room temperature. Achieving 61% and 37% valley contrasts respectively, our work reveals the potential of such doped systems for practical valleytronic applications at ambient conditions, providing significant insights for quantum information technologies.

Poster THU4f.4 17:00

Dynamic beam switching device up to 26° using micrometer-sized switchable plasmonic metallic polymers — •Jonas Herbig, Monika Ubl, Dominik Ludescher, Mario Hentschel, and Harald Giessen — 4th Physics Institute and Research Center SCoPE, Universität Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany

We introduce a dynamic beam switching device made from metallic polymer consisting of individually addressable nanowires in planar geometry that allow various diffraction angles. The used metal-to-insulator transition is driven by CMOS-compatible voltages with a switching frequency of up to 30 Hz.

Poster THU4f.5 17:00

sub-femtoliter refractive index sensing using single mie voids — •serkan arslan — 4. physics institut, university of stuttgart, stuttgart, Germany

Pharmaceutical applications and analytical chemistry require measurements of liquid properties for even the tiniest quantities. Until now, refractive index measurements of liquids using, e.g., microinterferometry detectors in glass capillaries, require amounts in the hundreds of picoliter range. We push these limits towards smallest volumes by utilizing individual Mie voids.

Poster THU4f.6 17:00

Semiconductor Metasurfaces for Surface-enhanced Raman Scattering — •Haiyang Hu[1], Anil K. Pal[1], Alexander Berestennikov[1], Thomas Weber[1], Andrei Stefancu[1], Emiliano Cortés[1], Stefan A. Maier[1,2,3], and Andreas Tittl[1] — [1]Nanoinstitute Munich, Faculty of Physics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany — [2]School of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University Clayton Campus, Melbourne, Australia — [3]The Blackett Laboratory, Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

We develop an improved SERS metasurface platform that leverages the combination of titanium oxide (TiO2) and the emerging physical concept of optical bound states in the continuum (BICs) to boost the Raman emission.

Poster THU4f.7 17:00

Shaping free electron wavepackets with structured light — •Sven Ebel[1] and Nahid Talebi[2] — [1]POLIMA - Center for Polariton-driven Light-Matter Interaction, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark — [2]Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics, Kiel University, Kiel, Germany

We demonstrate the transversal and longitudinal shaping of slow electron wavepackets in free space using the Kapitza-Dirac effect with structured light. Our numerical calculations reveal that the resulting electron energy and momentum modulation can be controlled by varying the spatial and temporal structure of the applied light beams.

Poster THU4f.8 17:00

Strain engineering valley polarization in monolayer transition metal dichalcogenides — •Yonas Lebsir[1], Sven Ebel[1], Sergii Morozov[1], Torgom Yezekyan[2], Sergey I. Bozhevolnyi[2], and N. Asger Mortensen[1,3] — [1]POLIMA–Center for Polariton-Driven Light–Matter Interactions, University of Southern Denmark, Odense — [2]Center for Nano Optics, University of Southern Denmark, Odense — [3]Danish Institute for Advanced Study, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark

This study investigates the application of non-uniform strain via precisely tailored nanostructures to enhance trion emission and induce electron funneling in monolayer transition metal dichalcogenides (ML TMDs). Trions in ML TMDs show heightened valley polarization over neutral excitons, making strain a valuable tool for quantum applications. Room temperature measurements provide practical insights.

Poster THU4f.9 17:00

Broadband resonances of percolated thin plasmonic films coupled to lithography-free photonic cavities — •Manuel Goncalves — Ulm University - Inst. Experimental Physics, Ulm, Germany

Broadband resonances in the vis-NIR are obtained by the interaction of light scattered by percolated thin films with lithography-free photonic resonator. The reflectance of the resulting colored surface varies from full reflection to full absorption. The Drude-Lorentz model used for noble metal films cannot describe the optical behavior observed.

Thursday

Poster THU4f.10 17:00

Infrared near-field nanoscopy of reversibly photoswitchable lipid vesicles in an aqueous environment — •Thorsten Gölz [1], Enrico Bau[1], Jinhua Zhang[2], Korbinian Kaltenecker[1,3], Stefan A. Maier[1,4,5], Fritz Keilmann[1], Theobald Lohmüller[2], and Andreas Tittl[1] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nano-Institute , Munich, Germany — [2]Chair for Photonics and Optoelectronics, Nano-Institute Munich, Munich, Germany — [3]Attocube Systems AG, Haar, Germany — [4]School of Physics and Astronomy, Clayton, Australia — [5]Department of Physics, London, United Kingdom

We present a s-SNOM study of photoswitchable lipid vesicles in water. We demonstrate the imaging of the photoswitching of single vesicles and the spectroscopical discrimination of the two photoisomers. Furthermore, we track the switching with subsecond resolution by monitoring the near field of an infrared wavelength sensitive to the switching process.

Poster THU4f.11 17:00

Coulomb-correlated few-electron states generated by nanotip photoemission — •Armin Feist[1,2], Rudolf Haindl[1,2], Till Domröse[1,2], Marcel Möller[1,2], John H. Gaida[1,2], Sergey V. Yalunin[1,2], and Claus Ropers[1,2] — [1]Max Planck Institute for Multidisciplinary Sciences, Göttingen, Germany — [2]4th Physical Institute - Solids and Nanostructures, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany

We observe strong few-electron Coulomb correlations in femtosecond pulsed photoemission from a field emitter. Sorting into specific electron number classes reveals about 2 eV energy separations and discrete changes in the beam caustics for N=2,3,4. Electron number-filtered pulsed beams facilitate non-Poissonian statistics and single-electron heralding, promising applications in free-electron quantum optics.

Poster THU4f.12 17:00

Polarization invariant ultra-wide spectral metasurface absorber — Ruben Amedalor[1], •Liana Burns[3], Benjamin Asamoah[1], and Ibrahim Issah[2] — [1]University of Eastern Finland, Joensuu, Finland — [2]Tampere University , Tampere, Finland — [3]St. Patricks nursing and midwifery college, Kumasi, Ghana

We demonstrate the absorbance spectral contrast of a metasurface absorber based on Metal-Insulator-Metal (MIM) and Metal-Insulator-Metal-Insulator-Metal (MIMIM) nanodisk configurations. We identified a significant increase in absorbance over a long spectral range with over 90% average by updating the structure from a conventional MIM to MIMIM configuration.

Poster THU4f.13 17:00

Waveguide-Driven Plasmonic Nanoparticle-on-a-Mirror Cavity for Raman Detection of 5-Amino-2-Mercaptobenzimidazole Self-Assembled Monolayers — •Javier Redolat[1], María Camarena-Pérez[1], Amadeu Griol[1], Miguel Sinusia-Lozano[1], Jeremy J. Baumberg[2], Alejandro Martínez[1], and Elena Pinilla-Cienfuegos[1] — [1]Nanophotonics Technology Center, Valencia, Spain — [2]NanoPhotonicsCentre,CavendishLaboratory, Cambridge, United Kingdom

In this work gold surfaces are functionalized with 5-amino-2-mercaptobenzimidazole (5-A-2MBI) molecules, allowing the assembly of gold nanoparticles in nanoparticle-on-a-mirror (NPoM) cavities. These surfaces and NPoM cavities are characterized using various techniques and integrated with silicon-based photonic chips, enabling on-chip Raman spectroscopy and potential infrared and THz radiation detection.

Poster THU4f.14 17:00

Ultrafast Low-jitter Photodetection in High-Temperature Superconducting Nanowires — •Ankit Kumar[1], Dmitry Panna[1], Shlomi Bouscher[1], Avi Koriat[1], Yuval Nitzav[2], Ronen Jacovi[1], Amit Kanigel[2], and Alex Hayat[1] — [1]Department of Electrical Engineering, Technion Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [2]Department of Physics, Technion Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

We demonstrate ultrafast optical response in high-Tc YBCO-based nanowires, crucial for single-photon sensitivity. Our research demonstrates ~100 ps jitter, with rise and fall times of ~850 and ~1250 ps. These nanowires respond across a wide wavelength range from visible to infrared, emphasizing their potential for practical quantum optics.

Poster THU4f.15 17:00

Fluorescence-detected two-dimensional electronic spectroscopy (F-2DES) of single molecules — •Sanchayeeta Jana, Simon Durst, and Markus Lippitz — Chair for Experimental Physics III, Universität Bayreuth, Bayreuth, Germany

Fluorescence-detected two-dimensional electronic spectroscopy (F-2DES) is a powerful ultrafast technique for studying the coupling between different states in a system. Single-molecule fluorescence spectroscopy can resolve the inhomogeneity of an ensemble. We combine these two techniques and measure 2D spectra of single molecules.

Poster THU4f.16 17:00

Experimental demonstration of optical cloaking of a silver nanowire — Shinich Ikari, Mana Toma, and •Kotaro Kajikawa — Tokyo Institute of Technology, Yokohama, Japan

Abstract: Experimental demonstration of the plasmonic cloaking is reported for an object of a silver nanowire 0.11 μm diameter, immobilized at the tip of an STM probe. The scattering was strongly suppressed, and the nanowire became invisible when covered with a cloaking medium (MoO_3 film) with an appropriate thickness (0.045 μm).

Poster THU4f.17 17:00

Topological protection of transport in fast Thouless pumps in the presence of static disorder — •Anna Sidorenko and Stefan Linden — Physikalisches Institut, Bonn, Germany

We probe the effect of static disorder potentials on the transport properties of fast Thouless pumps with non-Hermitian topology and Hamiltonian ratchets, both implemented by plasmonic waveguide arrays. For Thouless pumps, directional transport is observed even for large disorder strength, while directional transport is inhibited for ratchets in this case.

Poster THU4f.18 17:00

Large-area, two-dimensional single-crystal gold for low-loss nanoplasmonics — •Chenxinyu Pan[1], Yuanbiao Tong[1], Anatoly V. Zayats[2], Limin Tong[1], and Pan Wang[1] — [1]State Key Laboratory of Extreme Photonics and Instrumentation, College of Optical Science and Engineering, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China — [2]Department of Physics and London Centre for Nanotechnology, King's College London, London, United Kingdom

Two-dimensional gold with a single-crystal structure is highly desired for upcoming technologies. In this work, we demonstrate the fabrication of large-area (>10^4 μm^2), two-dimensional single-crystal gold using a chemical etching approach with an atomic-level precision, and its use for the realization of ultrathin plasmonic structures with low loss.

Poster THU4f.19 17:00

Active Metasurfaces for Full Color Switching based on Inorganic Electrochromism — •Yohan Lee, Serkan Arslan, Monika Ubl, Mario Hentschel, and Harald Giessen — 4th Physics Institute and Research Center SCoPE, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany

We introduce metasurfaces using tungsten trioxide (WO3) which is well-known for its electrochromic property. The proposed nanophotonic devices can not only express a wide color gamut space by tailoring the geometry of the nanoscatterers, but also be switched on and off depending on the applied voltages.

Poster THU4f.20 17:00

Phonon polaritons in van der Waals polar heterostructures for broadband strong light– matter interactions — •Tianwei Qin[1], Weiliang Ma[1], Tao Wang[2], and Peining Li[1] — [1]Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, China — [2]Soochow University, Suzhou, China

We propose and experimentally demonstrate the polar van der Waals heterostructures which enable broadband phonon polariton responses. The heterostructure break the phonon polariton limitation of narrow spectral responses in practical application, and have the potential to achieve vibrational strong coupling for a few molecule monolayers with multiple molecular absorption modes.

Poster THU4f.21 17:00

Heralded single-photon source by Cooper-pair-based two-photon emission — •Sima Buchbinder, Shlomi Bouscher, Avi Koriat, Ankit Kumar, and Alex Hayat — The Andrew and Erna Viterbi Faculty of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Technion - Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

We propose a new concept for an electrically-driven, integrated semiconductor-superconductor heralded single-photon source based on Cooper-pair two-photon emission. Such a source could serve as an invaluable part in photonic quantum computers, quantum information and quantum communications schemes.

Poster THU4f.22 17:00

withdrawn

Poster THU4f.23 17:00

Hyperlens enabled defect imaging in hexagonal Boron Nitride- covered Trilayer graphene — •Lina Jäckering, Konstantin G. Wirth, and Thomas Taubner — 1st Institute of Physics (IA), RWTH Aachen University, Aachen, Germany

Few layer graphene (FLG) is usually encapsulated in hexagonal boron nitride (hBN) because it strongly increases the FLGs carrier mobility. However, this aggravates the defect identification with optical tech-niques. With nano-imaging, we demonstrate that the subdiffractional focusing of hyperbolic phonon polaritons in hBN visualizes defects in FLG below the hBN.

Poster THU4f.24 17:00

Near-field investigation of the topologically protected edge state of the Su-Schrieffer-Heeger model — •Hans-Joachim Schill, Anna Sidorenko, and Stefan Linden — Physikalisches Institut, Bonn, Germany

We use phase-resolved scanning near-field optical microscopy in combination with leakage-radiation microscopy to study the edge mode of the Su-Schrieffer-Heeger model at the interface between two topologically distinct domains. As predicted by theory, the topologically protected edge mode features a characteristic oscillation between positive and negative electric field amplitudes.

Poster THU4f.25 17:00

Distributed Bragg Reflectors in Photonic Integrated Circuits for Quantum Applications — •James E. Blatcher, Martin J. Cryan, and Jon R. Pugh — University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom

We report on the development of photonic integrated circuit based distributed Bragg reflector (DBR) filters and DBR resonant cavities in silicon-on-insulator and silicon nitride platforms. Devices are designed to comply with standard silicon photonics foundries' wafer scale fabrication, with a focus towards integration into larger PIC systems for quantum applications.

Poster THU4f.26 17:00

Direct programming of confined Surface Phonon Polariton Resonators using the plasmonic Phase-Change Material In3SbTe2 — Lukas Conrads, Luis Schüler, Konstantin G. Wirth, Matthias Wuttig, and •Thomas Taubner — Institute of Physics (IA), RWTH Aachen University, Aachen, Germany

Surface Phonon Polariton (SPhP) resonators with strongly confined fields inside the resonator facilitate low-loss nanophotonic devices. Here, we program SPhP resonators on SiC by patterning the plasmonic phase-change material In3SbTe2 and reconfigure their sizes. The flexibility of our concept is exploited by optically writing unconventional resonator shapes with complex field distributions.

Poster THU4f.27 17:00

The nonlinear electronic, thermal and optical response of transparent conducting oxides intense illumination — •Subhajit Sarkar[1], Ieng Wai Un[2], and Yonatan Sivan[3] — [1]Physics Department, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland — [2]Physics Department, South China Normal University, Guangzhou, China — [3]School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Beer-Sheva, Israel

We describe a Boltzmann-based model for the electron dynamics and thermal and optical properties of transparent conducting oxides, and show that it explains experimental findings with no need for any ad-hoc changes used so far.

Poster THU4f.28 17:00

Crossover from non-thermal to thermal photoluminescence from metals excited by ultrashort light pulses — •Yonatan Sivan[1], Imon Kalyan[1], Ieng-Wai Un[2], Kaiqiang Lin[3], John Lupton[3], and Sebastian Bange[3] — [1]Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Be'er-Sheva, Israel — [2]South China Normal University, Guangzhou, China — [3]Institut für Experimentelle und Angewandte Physik, Universität Regensburg, Regensburg, Germany

We provide a quantitative theory for (nonlinear) photoluminescence from illuminated metal nanostructures under CW and pulsed illumination which reconciles decades-long arguments on seemingly contradicting experimental reports. We then describe a new set of measurements which provide detailed experimental evidence supporting our subtle novel predictions.

Poster THU4f.29 17:00

Single Au bipyramid and single quantum dot strong coupling at room temperature — •K. Mamaeva[1,3], C. Elliott[1,3], T. Faraone[2], C. Delaney[2], L. Florea[2], and A.L. Bradley[1,3] — [1]School of Physics, Trinity College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland — [2]School of Chemistry, Trinity College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland — [3]IPIC, Tyndall National Institute, Cork, Ireland

We demonstrate an experimental approach to obtain Rabi splitting for a strongly-coupled single Au bipyramid and a quantum dot using direct laser writing two-photon polymerization. This approach provides for localization of the quantum dot at the bipyramid's hotspot enabling successful demonstration of strong coupling.

Poster THU4f.30 17:00

One mode-model in nanostructures with inclined sidewalls applied to nano Fabry-Perot structures — •Jules Lackner[1,2], Baptiste Fix[1], Patrick Bouchon[1], and Alain Bosseboeuf[2] — [1]ONERA, Palaiseau, France — [2]C2N, Palaiseau, France

Metasurfaces allow incredible control over optical properties of surfaces. However, thin layers patterning techniques can lead to side-wall angles, thus modifying light propagation within the structure. Here, we introduce a one-mode model that fairly describes the propagation of light in structures with inclined sidewalls.

Poster THU4f.31 17:00

Manipulation of higher-order Poincaré sphere beams beyond the diffraction limit using single-layer metasurface — •Chuang Sun[1], Hailong Pi[1], Kian Shen Kiang[1], Jize Yan[1], and Jun-Yu Ou[2] — [1]School of Electronics and Computer Science, University of Southampton, Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom

Control and generation of arbitrary higher-order Poincaré sphere (HOPS) beams have attracted intensive interest because of the potential of extreme optical manipulation using HOPS beams. Here, we experimentally demonstrate the control of focused HOPS beams with multi-foci of 22% smaller than the diffraction limit via a single-layer metasurface.

Poster THU4f.32 17:00

Single cycle optical nonlinearity of transparent conducting oxides – are temporal photonic crystals feasible? — Ieng-Wai Un[1], Subhajit Sarkar[2], and •Yonatan Sivan[3] — [1]South China Normal University, Guangzhou, China — [2]Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland — [3]Ben-Gurion University, Be'er-Sheva, Israel

We model the full optical and electronic response of transparent conducting oxides to a single cycle intense pulse. Our model allows us to interpret recent experimental observation of the unexpected rapid relaxation of the optical response and to comment on the possibility of realizing temporal photonic crystals in such systems.

Poster THU4f.33 17:00

withdrawn

Poster THU4f.34 17:00

Continuous spectral and coupling encoding with dual-gradient metasurfaces — Andreas Aigner[1], •Thomas Weber[1], Alwin Wester[1], Stefan A. Maier[1,2,3], and Andreas Tittl[1] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Faculty of Physics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany — [2]School of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University, Clayton, Australia — [3]The Blackett Laboratory, Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

We introduce the concept of spectral and coupling gradient metasurfaces based on symmetry protected bound states in the continuum and their combination in form of a dual-gradient metasurfaces. Our new approach allows continuous spatial mapping of a material's spectral and coupling fingerprint which we exploit for molecular sensing in the infrared.

Poster THU4f.35 17:00

Reconfigurable Grating-Insulator-Grating (GIG) metamaterials for amplitude and phase control — •Abbas Sheikh Ansari, Ashwin K. Iyer, and Behrad Gholipour — University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada

Metasurfaces possessing asymmetry along the direction of propagation of waves could provide asymmetric transmission (AT). We show a three-layer grating-insulator-grating (GIG) metamaterial stack enables broadband AT, which through integrating phase change materials into the GIG can be engineered to control both amplitude and phase of transmitted diffraction orders.

Poster THU4f.36 17:00

Second-harmonic generation in ultra-thin crystalline silver films — •Philipp K. Jenke[1,2], Saad Abdullad[3], Andrew P. Weber[3,4], Vahagn Mkhitaryan[3], J. Enrique Ortega[4,5,6], Philip Walther[1,7,8], F. Javier García de Abajo[3,9], and Lee A. Rozema[1] — [1]University of Vienna, Faculty of Physics, Vienna Center for Quantum Science and Technology (VCQ), Vienna, Austria — [2]University of Vienna, Vienna Doctoral School in Physics, Vienna, Austria — [3]ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, The Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Castelldefels (Barcelona), Spain — [4]Donostia International Physics Center, Donostia-San Sebastián, Spain — [5]Centro de Física de Materiales CSIC-UPV/EHU and Materials Physics Center, Donostia-San Sebastián, Spain — [6]Departamento de Física Aplicada I, Universidad del País Vasco, Donostia-San Sebastián, Spain — [7]University of Vienna, Research Platform for Testing the Quantum and Gravity Interface (TURIS), Vienna, Austria — [8]Christian Doppler Laboratory for Photonic Quantum Computer, Faculty of Physics, University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria — [9]ICREA-Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, Barcelona, Spain

Plasmonic excitations can enhance optical nonlinear processes. Here, we experimentally show that decreasing the thickness of a few-atom-thick crystalline silver films leads to overall stronger plasmon-enhanced second-harmonic generation. This highlights the role surface effects and band structure in such systems and contradicts the standard intuition of nonlinearities in bulk media.

Poster THU4f.37 17:00

Nanoparticle meta-grid for enhanced light extraction from light emitting devices — Debabrata Sikdar[1,2], Joshua Edel[1], John Pendry[1], and •Alexei Kornyshev[1] — [1]Imperial College London, White - Any other White background, United Kingdom — [2]Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati, India

We present a theory and first experimental verification of a physical effect which shows that light extraction efficiency of the existing semiconductor light emitting devices (LEDs) can be increased up to 98% by introducing a meta-grid of plasmonic nanoparticles on top of the conventional LED chip within its encapsulating packaging.

Poster THU4f.38 17:00

Towards the realization of exceptional point physics in all-dielectric nanophotonics — •Adria Canos Valero[1], Vjaceslavs Bobrovs[2], Zoltan Sztranyovszky[3], Egor.A. Muljarov[4], Alexander S. Shalin[5], Andrey Bogdanov[6], Yuri Kivshar[7], and Thomas Weiss[1] — [1]Institute of Physics, University of Graz, and NAWI Graz, Graz, Austria — [2]Riga Technical University, Institute of Telecommunications, Riga, Latvia — [3]School of Chemical Engineering, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom — [4]School of Physics and Astronomy, Cardiff University, Cardiff, United Kingdom — [5]Center for Photonics and 2D Materials, Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, Moscow, Russia — [6]Qingdao Innovation and Development Center of Harbin Engineering University, Qingdao, China — [7]Nonlinear Physics Centre, Department of Fundamental and Theoretical Physics, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia

We discuss exceptional points (EPs) in dielectric nanophotonics. We outline conditions for observing EPs in single dielectric

nanoparticles and demonstrate the merging of multiple Bound States in the Continuum (BICs) into 'EP-BICs.' These novel singularities possess infinite radiative quality factors like BICs and high sensitivity to perturbations, like EPs.

Poster THU4f.39 17:00

Chalcogenide nano-optomechanical phase change metasurface — Abbas Sheikh Ansari[1], Ding Li[2], Avik Mandal[1], Kwanghyun Kim[1], Behrad Gholipour[1], and •Jun-Yu Ou[2] — [1]Nanoscale Optics Lab, Department of Electrical and Computer, University of Alberta, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom

Tuning any mechanical resonator like a guitar string requires continuous force and energy. Phase change chalcogenide semiconductors can provide non-volatile switching between phases. Here, we demonstrate a new class of reconfigurable nano-optomechanical metasurfaces with a non-volatile mechanical frequency shift of 22% and optical transmission change of 47% upon phase transition.

Poster THU4f.40 17:00

Chiral metasurface with simply rotated achiral meta-atoms — •Dmytro Gryb[1], Fedja J. Wendisch[1], Andreas Aigner[1], Thorsten Gölz[1], Andreas Tittl[1], Leonardo de S. Menezes[1,2], and Stefan A. Maier[3,4,1] — [1]Chair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nano Institute Munich, Department of Physics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Munich, Germany — [2]Departamento de Física, Universidade Federal de Pernambuco, Recife, Brazil — [3]School of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University, Clayton, Australia — [4]Department of Physics, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

Modern chiral metasurfaces usually use complex meta-atom shapes, which can complicate chiral response optimization and fabrication. We introduce a metasurface design based on the rotation of dielectric rectangles in a square lattice, that demonstrates a strong chiroptical response, and investigate the physical origins of the chiral response in this system.

Poster THU4f.41 17:00

Coupled Nano Fabry-Perot for enhanced photodetectors — •Benoît Pezeshgi[1,2], Baptiste fix[1], Julien Jaeck[1], Isabelle Sagnes[2], and Konstantinos Pantzas[2] — [1]ONERA, Palaiseau, France — [2]Centre de Nanosciences et de Nanotechnologies , Palaiseau, France

A common nanostructuration is the double metal patch resonator, which is often used with no reflection at resonance. However, it is possible to use two under coupled patch resonators to create a new resonator. We will present the key feature and advantages of this new type of nanoresonator.

Poster THU4f.42 17:00

Enantiosensitive exceptional points for control and discrimination of chiral media — •Nicola Mayer[1], Alexander Löhr[1], Nimrod Moiseyev[2], and Olga Smirnova[1,2,3] — [1]Max-Born-Institut, Berlin, Germany — [2]Technion - Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [3]Technische Universitat, Berlin, Germany

We exploit the remarkable properties of exceptional points for enantiosensitive control and discrimination of chiral molecules. We consider and investigate two possible configurations where we endow EPs with enantiosensitivity that we then exploit to manipulate enantiosensitively single chiral molecules or infer the enantiomeric excess of a mixture of molecular enantiomers.

Poster THU4f.43 17:00

Bound state in the continuum metasurfaces on suspended SiC membrane — •Lin Nan[1], Andrea Mancini[1], Thomas Weber[1], Andreas Tittl[1], Emiliano Cortes[1], and Stefan Maier[2,3] — [1]Ludwig-Maxilimians-Universität München, Munich, Germany — [2]Monash University, Clayton, Australia — [3]Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

We successfully demonstrated SiC-based metasurfaces featuring bound states in the continuum (BIC) modes. These metasurfaces exhibited angle-independent performance and showed strong coupling with organic molecules. This discovery holds great potential for applications in sensing and quantum optics.

Poster THU4f.44 17:00

Nonlinear optical response in 2D materials: An overview from first-principles approach — •Fadil Iyikanat[1], Yadong Wang[3], Zhipei Sun[3,4], and F. Javier Garcia de Abajo[1,2] — [1]ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Barcelona, Spain — [2]ICREA-Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, Barcelona, Spain — [3]Department of Electronics and Nanoengineering, Aalto University, Espoo, Finland — [4]QTF Centre of Excellence, Department of Applied Physics, Aalto University, Espoo, Finland

In this study, we use ab initio calculations within the density functional theory framework to explore the exciton-induced nonlinear optical response of monolayer MoS2. By solving the equation of motion in the time domain, we demonstrate that the material's nonlinear optical response is dominated by strongly coupled excitons.

Poster THU4f.45 17:00

Subwavelength imaging with topological metamaterials — •Dongyang Wang[1] and C. T. Chan[2] — [1]University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, China

Topological photonics has opened new windows for achieving electromagnetic wave control. Here we will report the results on subwavelength imaging with topological metamaterials. Through microwave characterization, the subwavelength features are maintained while the propagating of topological surface wave, which demonstrates the subwavelength imaging.

Poster THU4f.46 17:00

Electron–plasmon interactions and multi-plasmon effects in photoemission from nanostructures — •P. André D. Gonçalves[1] and F. Javier García de Abajo[1,2] — [1]ICFO - The Institute of Photonic Sciences, Castellfefels (Barcelona), Spain — [2]ICREA - Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, Barcelona, Spain

We investigate multi-plasmon effects imprinted in the photoemission spectrum from metallic nanoparticles and nanographenes. Such effects lead to the emergence of sidebands in the photoelectron spectrum distanced from the core-level peak by quanta of the plasmon energy. Our works opens new directions for investigating ultrafast electron–plasmon interactions in nanophotonics.

Poster THU4f.47 17:00

Electrically-driven single-crystal plasmonic nanocavities — •Pan Wang — College of Optical Science and Engineering, Hangzhou, China

In this work, based on single-crystal nanocube-on-mirror plasmonic nanocavities with low loss, we demonstrate their electrical integration and the efficient excitation of plasmonic nanocavity modes via inelastically tunnelled electrons.

Poster THU4f.48 17:00

Enantioselective optical forces in active chiral nanoparticles — Rfaqat Ali[1], •Felipe A. Pinheiro[2], Rafael Dutra[3], Thiago Alegre[1], and Gustavo Wiederhecker[1] — [1]Applied Physics Department, Gleb Wataghin Physics Institute, University of Campinas, 13083-859, Campinas, Brazil — [2]Instituto de Física, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Caixa Postal 68528, 21941-972, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil — [3] Instituto Federal de Educação, Ciência e Tecnologia, 26600-000, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

We propose an enantioselective scheme in dye-doped chiral particles, demonstrating optical pulling and pushing forces that can be tuned using externally controllable parameters. By changing the dye concentration and pumping rate we achieve all-optical chiral resolution of racemic mixtures and enantioselection of small chiral particles.

Poster THU4f.49 17:00

Mid Infrared Mapping of Four and Five-Layer Graphene Polytypes using Near-Field Microscopy — •Daniel Beitner[1,2,3], Shaked Amitay[3], Simon Salleh Atri[3], Andrew McEllistrim[4,5], Tom Coen[3], Vladimir I Fal'ko[4,5], Shachar Richter[1,2], Moshe Ben Shalom[2,3], and Haim Suchowski[2,3] — [1]Department of Materials Science and Engineering Faculty of Engineering Tel Aviv University , Tel Aviv , Israel — [2]University Centre for Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv , Israel — [3]School of Physics and Astronomy, Faculty of Exact Sciences, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel — [4]National Graphene Institute Booth Street East, Manchester, United Kingdom — [5]Department of Physics and Astronomy Oxford Road, Manchester, United Kingdom

Few-layer Graphene exhibits several polytypes that might be used for various applications due to their broad absorption and tunable properties. This study uses near-field microscopy to map the optical response of 4 and 5-layer Graphene polytypes in the 8.5-11.5 μm range, revealing their rich optical characteristics.

Poster THU4f.50 17:00

Objective free sensing of brain metastasis biomarkers at clinical limits using metamaterial antennas — •Serap Aksu — Koc University, Istanbul, Turkey

We demonstrate the clinical use of a large are metamaterial surfaces that are fabricated using low-cost Laser Interference Lithography. The signal reading can be achieved using an objective free reflection probe. The minimum detection level can go down to 1pg/ml for S100A9 and AXL, the major relevant brain metastasis biomarkers.

THU5o: Metasurfaces II

Time: Thursday, 18:30–19:30 Location: Olympia

Invited THU5o.1 18:30

Non-reciprocal phase transitions — •Michel Fruchart — James Franck Institute and Department of Physics, University of Chicago, Chicago, USA — Gulliver, ESPCI Paris, Université PSL, CNRS, Paris, France

Out of equilibrium, a lack of reciprocity is the rule rather than the exception. I will discuss how it leads to time-dependent phases in which spontaneously broken continuous symmetries are dynamically restored and analyze the resulting non-reciprocal phase transitions using insights from bifurcation theory and non-Hermitian quantum mechanics.

THU5s: Tailoring matter II

Chaired by Alex Hayat, Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

Time: Thursday, 18:30–19:30 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Oral THU5s.1 18:30

Towards a compact Sr optical clock system with integrated metasurfaces — •Amit Agrawal[1], Wenqi Zhu[1], Andrew Ferdinand[2], Sindhu Jammi[2], Okan Koksal[1], Zi Wang[1], Junyeob Song[1], Will Lunden[3], Dan Sheredy[3], Parth Patel[3], Marty Boyd[3], and Scott Papp[2] — [1]National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, USA — [2]National Institute of Standards and Technology, Boulder, USA — [3]Vector Atomic Inc., Pleasanton, USA

We demonstrate a two-color, alignment-free 87Sr magneto optical trap with fully integrated multi-color metasurface photonics. We characterize the metasurface functionality, performance and facilitate laser cooling and trapping of strontium for realization of a compact optical lattice clock.

Oral THU5s.2 18:45

Manipulation of an exciton-polariton condensate by the AC Stark effect — •Sarit Feldman[1], Dmitry Panna[1], Nadav Landau[1], Sebastian Brodbeck[2], Sebastian Klembt[2], Christian Schneider[2], Sven Höfling[2], and Alex Hayat[1] — [1]Technion – Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [2]Universität Würzburg, Würzburg, Germany

We report the first observation of the ac Stark effect in a condensate of exciton-polaritons by a novel approach based on coherent oscillations. The ultrafast, noninvasive ac Stark manipulation of the condensate paves the way for new quantum technologies and fundamental research in quantum optics and condensed matter.

Breakthrough THU5o.2 19:00
Nonreciprocal phase transitions and time-space crystals — •Kevin MacDonald[1], Tongjun Liu[1], Venugopal Raskatla[1], Jinxiang Li[2], and Nikolay Zheludev[1,2] — [1]University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore

Using nano-opto-mechanical platform we demonstrate a new class of photonic materials in which illumination with light creates nonreciprocal interactions that spontaneously breaks continuous space and time translation symmetries into discrete translation symmetries.

Breakthrough THU5s.3 19:00
Optomechanical meta-matter through temporal modulation — •Ewold Verhagen[1], Jesse Slim[1], Javier del Pino[1,2], Clara Wanjura[3], Matteo Brunelli[4], and Andreas Nunnenkamp[5] — [1]AMOLF, Amsterdam, Netherlands — [2]ETH Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland — [3]Max Planck Institute for the Science of Light, Erlangen, Germany — [4]University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland — [5]University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria

We create multi-mode nano-optomechanical networks in which the interactions between mechanical modes are induced and fully reconfigured through time-modulated radiation pressure forces. We study the nonreciprocal and topological states that emerge from controlled breaking of time-reversal symmetry and Hermiticity in such optomechanical metamaterials.

THU6o: Plenary talk 3

Chaired by Nikolay Zheludev, University of Southampton, UK & NTU, Singapore

Time: Thursday, 19:30–20:30 Location: Olympia

Plenary THU6o.1 19:30
Optical thermodynamics of highly multimode nonlinear photonic systems — •Demetrios Christodoulides — University of Southern California, Los Angeles, USA

We provide an overview of recent developments in the field of optical thermodynamics. This theoretical framework can be used to predict and understand the utterly complex processes currently observed in nonlinear multimode optical arrangements. The possibility for deploying these methodologies for applications will be discussed.

FRI1o: Plenary talk 4

Chaired by Javier Garcia de Abajo,ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Barcelona, Spain

Time: Friday, 9:00–10:00 Location: Olympia

Plenary FRI1o.1 9:00

Light-matter interactions in photonic time-crystals — •Mordechai (Moti) Segev — TECHNION - Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel

The fundamentals of Photonic Time-Crystals (PTCs) will be introduced, along with classical and quantum features of light emission in PTCs from free electrons, classical dipoles, quantum fluctuations, and atoms. Recent experiments in realizing time-reflections at optical frequencies will be presented

10:00–10:15: Coffee break

FRI2o: NANO-opto-mechanics

Chaired by Farnaz Niroui, MIT, Massachuetts Institute of Technology, USA

Time: Friday, 10:15–12:30 Location: Olympia

Invited FRI2o.1 10:15

Levitated optomechanics meets nanophotonics — •Romain Quidant — ETH Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland

In this presentation we discuss our most recent advances in the development of integrated hybrid levitation platforms combining planar electrodes with integrated photonics and metaoptics.

Invited FRI2o.2 10:45

How thin film photonics unlocks the power of Fano resonance and extreme optomechanics — •Giuseppe Strangi — Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, USA

In recent years, significant interest has emerged in the inverse design of artificial layered heterostructures for photonic applications. In this presentation, I will delve into how thin film photonics harnesses the potential of Fano resonances and extreme optomechanics.

Invited FRI2o.3 11:15

Direct Measurement of Radiation Pressure Forces on Membrane Lightsails — Lior Michaeli[1], •Ramon Gao[1], Michael D. Kelzenberg[1], Claudio U. Hail[1], John E. Sader[2], and Harry A. Atwater[1] — [1]Department of Applied Physics and Materials Science, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA — [2]Graduate Aerospace Laboratories, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, Pasadena, USA

We report direct measurement of radiation pressure forces exerted on a 100-nm-thick silicon nitride lightsail membrane using noise-robust common-path interferometry.

FRI2s: Ultrafast plasmonics

Chaired by Jacob B. Khurgin, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA

Time: Friday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited FRI2s.1 10:15

Attosecond Electron Microscopy — •Peter Baum — Universität Konstanz, Konstanz, Germany

We report the advance of transmission electron microscopy to attosecond time resolution for resolving optical waves in space and time, and show selected experimental results.

Invited FRI2s.2 10:45

Far-field petahertz sampling of plasmonic fields — •Kai-Fu Wong[1,2], Weiwei Li[3,4], Zilong Wang[3,4], Vincent Wanie[2], Erik Månsson[2], Dominik Höing[1,5], Johannes Blöchl[3,4], Thomas Nubbemeyer[3,4], Andrea Trabattoni[2,6], Holger Lange[1,5], Francesca Calegari[1,2], and Matthias F. Kling[3,4,7] — [1]The Hamburg Centre for Ultrafast Imaging, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany — [2]Center for Free-Electron Laser Science, DESY, Hamburg, Germany — [3]Max Planck Institute of Quantum Optics, MPQ, Garching, Germany — [4]Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, LMU, München, Germany — [5]Institute of Physical Chemistry, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany — [6]Institute of Quantum Optics, Leibniz Universität Hannover, Hannover, Germany — [7]SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford University, Menlo Park, USA

We demonstrate the realtime observation of linear plasmonic fields by optical field sampling. Our findings also demonstrate the ability to ma- nipulate the spectral properties of ultrashort laser pulses by plasmonic samples.

Oral FRI2s.3 11:15

Intracavity spatiotemporal metasurfaces — •Wenhe Jia[1], Chenxin Gao[1], Yongmin Zhao[2], Liu Li[1], Shun Wen[1], Shuai Wang[1], Chengying Bao[1], Chunping Jiang[2], Changxi Yang[1], and Yuanmu Yang[1] — [1]State Key Laboratory of Precision Measurement Technology and Instruments, Department of Precision Instrument, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China — [2]Key Laboratory of Nanodevices and Applications, Suzhou Institute of Nano-Tech and Nano-Bionics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Suzhou, China

We experimentally demonstrate the simultaneous spatiotemporal laser mode control within a fiber laser cavity using the single-layer plasmonic metasurfaces strongly coupled to an epsilon-near-zero material.

Oral FRI2s.4 11:30

Controlling the resonant dynamics in condensed matter systems by tailored ultrafast pulses — •Omri Meron[1], Snir Nehemya[2], Uri Arieli[2], Eyal Bahar[2], Moshe Ben-Shalom[2], and Haim Suchowski[2] — [1]Condensed Matter Physics Department, School of Physics and Astronomy, Faculty of Exact Sciences, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel — [2]Center for Light–Matter Interaction, Tel–Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel

We experimentally demonstrate a novel control method for ultrafast coherent quasiparticle dynamics in 2D semiconductors and plasmonic nanoparticles. We selectively steer resonant nonlinear generation, rearranging the interfering quantum pathways from destructive to constructive interferences.

Invited FRI2o.4 11:45

Quantum Control of Phononic Resonators: from Milli-Kelvin to Room Temperature — •Albert Schliesser — Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark — Center for Hybrid Quantum Networks, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark

We discuss two different approaches to control the motion of mechanical resonators at the quantum level: (i) measurement-based and (ii) coherent control. We demonstrate the performance of these methods from milli-Kelvin to room temperatures, on a phononic resonator monitored by (i) optical interferometry, and (ii) coupled to a superconducting resonance circuit.

Invited FRI2s.5 11:45

Spontaneous symmetry breaking in plasmon lattice lasers — •Nelson de Gaay Fortman[1,3], Radoslaw Kolkowski[2], Debapriya Pal[3], Said Rodriguez[3], Peter Schall[1], and Femius Koenderink[1,3] — [1]Institute of Physics, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands — [2]Department of Applied Physics, Aalto University, Aalto, Finland — [3]Department of Physics of Information in Matter and Center for Nanophotonics, AMOLF, Amsterdam, Netherlands

We show spontaneous symmetry breaking (SSB) in a nonlocal plasmonic metasurface laser. By simultaneous real-space and Fourier-space measurements, we map the relative amplitude (parity symmetry) and phase (rotational symmetry) of the two symmetry-broken modes. our results open new perspectives on studying SSB and emergence of spatial coherence in photonic systems.

Oral FRI2o.5 12:15

Toward solid-state based quantum metasurfaces — •Rivka Bekenstein — Racah Institute, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel

We develop methods for quantum control over light with atomic-like arrays, including direction, spatial and polarization states. Our methods allow for atom-atom, atom-photon and photon-photon entanglement generation and are aimed for implementation in solid-based quantum metasurfaces.

12:15–16:00: Lunch break

FRI3o: Industry talk 3

Time: Friday, 16:00–17:00 Location: Olympia

Technology FRI3o.1 16:00

Infrared correlation nanoscopy for organic and inorganic material analysis at the nanoscale — •Andreas Huber, Bogdan Sava, Claas Reckmeier, and Alexander Govyadinov — attocube systems AG, Haar, Germany

Nanoscale resolved imaging and spectroscopy using tip-enhanced microscopy enables bypassing the diffraction limit of light in the visible, infrared and terahertz frequency range enabling enabling comprehensive characterization of functional nanostructures or fundamental properties of materials.

FRI4o: Time crystals

Chaired by Andreas Tittl, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Munich, Germany

Time: Friday, 17:00–18:15 Location: Olympia

Oral FRI4o.1 17:00

Synthetic lattice lasing by means of fast-gain — •Alexander Dikopoltsev, Ina Heckelmann, Mathieu Bertrand, Giacomo Scalari, Mattias Beck, and Jérôme Faist — ETH Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland

Synthetic lattices surpass physical space phenomena and their utilization could improve laser systems. Typical lasers struggle to support those lattices due to predominant dissipation. We propose the fast-gain mechanism to uncover the full potential of the synthetic frequency space, and demonstrate this using modulated fast-gain semiconductor ring lasers.

Oral FRI4o.2 17:15

Quantum simulation with Floquet-engineered Rydberg atom arrays — Naveen Nishad[1], Anna Keselman[1], Thierry Lahaye[2], Antoine Browaeys[2], and •Shai Tsesses[3,4] — [1]Department of Physics, Technion - Israel institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [2]Université Paris-Saclay, Institut d'Optique Graduate School, CNRS, Laboratoire Charles Fabry, , Palaiseau, France — [3]Andrew and Erna Viterbi Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering, Technion - Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel — [4]Department of Physics, MIT-Harvard Center for Ultracold Atoms and Research Laboratory of Electronics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA

Although quantum simulators give access to intractable physical phenomena, they are unavoidably limited in the material models they exhibit. We propose a new route for simulating otherwise unattainable quantum materials with Rydberg atom arrays via Floquet engineering with global and local control, requiring only available (and reasonable) experimental capabilities.

Oral FRI4o.3 17:30

Continuous Space-Time Crystal State Driven by Nonreciprocal Optical Forces — •Venugopal Raskatla[1], Tongjun Liu[1], Kevin MacDonald[1], and Nikolay Zheludev[1,2] — [1]Optoelectronics Research Centre & Centre for Photonic Metamaterials, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies, SPMS, TPI, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore , Singapore

An ensemble of thermally driven oscillators that are nonreciprocally coupled and inhomogeneously broadened exhibits a spontaneous transition to the continuous space-time crystal state.

FRI4s: Nonlinear metamaterials

Chaired by Kevin MacDonald, University of Southampton, United Kingdom

Time: Friday, 17:00–18:15 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Oral FRI4s.1 17:00

Electrical tuning of four-wave mixing in nonlinear metasurfaces — •Euclides Almeida[1,2], Matthew D. Feinstein[1,2], and Alexander Andronikides[1] — [1]Queens College, City University of New York, Flushing, New York, USA — [2]The Graduate Center of the City University of New York, New York, New York, USA

We demonstrate a broadband, electrically tuneable nonlinear metasurface based on hybrid gold-graphene plasmons. The gate-tuneable metasurface device converts mid-infrared radiation to visible light through four-wave mixing. The signal amplitude can be controlled through charge injection in graphene, and the amplitude modulation is enhanced compared to that of bare graphene.

Oral FRI4s.2 17:15

Enhancement and wavefront control of third harmonic generation with a local high-Q metasurface — •Claudio U. Hail, Lior Michaeli, and Harry A. Atwater — California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA

We report on simultaneous strong enhancement and local spatial control of the third harmonic generation process using high-Q metasurfaces relying on higher-order Mie-resonant modes.

Oral FRI4s.3 17:30

Imaging Propagating Phonon Polaritons in SiC Metasurfaces with Sum-Frequency Spectro-Microscopy — •Niclas S. Mueller[1], Richarda Niemann[1], Sören Wasserroth[1], Guanyu Lu[2], Martin Wolf[1], Joshua D. Caldwell[2], and Alexander Paarmann[1] — [1]Fritz-Haber-Institut der Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Berlin, Germany — [2]Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee, USA

We introduce sum-frequency spectro-microscopy as a tool to image phonon polaritons with combined sub-wavelength spatial resolution and full spectral resonance information. We employ this technique to image the hybridization of localized and propagating surface polaritons in millimeter-sized metasurfaces of SiC micropillars, demonstrating strong coupling and the formation of edge states.

Invited FRI4o.4 17:45

Engineering light scattering through temporal structure — •Emanuele Galiffi[1], Gengyu Xu[1], Shixiong Yin[1], Romain Tirole[1], Stefano Vezzoli[2], Riccardo Sapienza[2], and Andrea Alu[1,3] — [1]Advanced Science Research Center, City University of New York, New York, USA — [2]Blackett Laboratory, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom — [3]Physics Program, Graduate Center, City University of New York, New York, USA

We report on recent theoretical developments and experiments on photonic time-reflection in a microwave metamaterial and optical time-diffraction in a 40-nm indium tin oxide film. We then demonstrate theoretically and experimentally the new opportunities opened by temporal wave control for the harnessing of dynamical gain, loss, and pulse shaping.

Invited FRI4s.4 17:45

Attosecond electron microscopy by free-electron homodyne detection — •John H. Gaida[1,2], Hugo Lourenço-Martins[1,2], Murat Sivis[1,2], Thomas Rittmann[1,2], Armin Feist[1,2], Javier F. García de Abajo[3,4], and Claus Ropers[1,2] — [1]Department of Ultrafast Dynamics, Max Planck Institute for Multidisciplinary Sciences, Göttingen, Germany — [2]4th Physical Institute, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany — [3]ICFO-Institut de Ciencies Fotoniques, Castelldefels (Barcelona), Spain — [4]ICREA-Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, Barcelona, Spain

We implement attosecond electron microscopy in a transmission electron microscope to measure the optical near-field of a plasmonic nanoprism with 23 as (rms) temporal resolution and a few-nm spatial resolution. This demonstrates the concept of free-electron homodyne detection, where the quantum state of the electron wavefunction is reconstructed by a phase-controlled second interaction.

18:15–18:30: Coffee break

FRI5o: Time crystals / Plasmonic twistronics

Chaired by Shai Tsesses, MIT, Massachuetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA

Time: Friday, 18:30–19:30 Location: Olympia

Invited FRI5o.1 18:30

Photonic Time Crystals and Parametric Amplification: similarity and distinction — •Jacob Khurgin — Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA

I investigate Photonic Time crystals (PTCs) and compare it with the second and third order parametric processes. The main difference is found in boundary conditions – otherwise the processes are quite similar.

Invited FRI5o.2 19:00

Plasmonic Twistronics: Discovery of Plasmonic Skyrmion Bags — •Julian Schwab[1], Alexander Neuhaus[2], Pascal Dreher[2], Shai Tsesses[3], Anant Mantha[1], Florian Mangold[1], Bettina Frank[1], Guy Bartal[3], Frank-J. Meyer zu Heringdorf[2], Timothy J. Davis[1,2,4], and Harald Giessen[1] — [1]4th Physics Institute, Research Center SCoPE, and Integrated Quantum Science and Technology Center, Stuttgart, Germany — [2]Faculty of Physics and Center for Nanointegration, Duisburg, Germany — [3]Andrew and Erna Viterbi Department of Electrical Engineering, Haifa, Israel — [4]School of Physics, Melbourne, Australia

Plasmonic skyrmion lattices are created by the interference of surface plasmon polariton waves. Superimposing two plasmonic skyrmion lattices with a relative twist creates a moiré skyrmion superlattice. Their vector fields are calculated numerically and measured using time-resolved PEEM vector microscopy, demonstrating that the topology contains skyrmion bags of controllable size for certain magic angles.

FRI5s: Metasurfaces II

Chaired by Romain Quidant, ETH Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland

Time: Friday, 18:30–19:30 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited FRI5s.1 18:30

Symmetry-controlled dielectric membrane metamaterials for circularly-polarized harmonic generation — Kuniaki Konishi[1] and •Makoto Kuwata-Gonokami[1,2] — [1]The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan — [2]RIKEN, Saitama, Japan

The discrete rotational symmetry of the structure plays an important role in polarization selectivity in nonlinear optical processes. We applied this principle to dielectric metamaterials and demonstrated that photonic crystal nanomembranes with fourfold symmetry generate the circularly polarized third harmonic in the vacuum ultraviolet region.

Invited FRI5s.2 19:00

Nature-inspired, colorimetric metasurfaces for next-generation imaging of tissue microstructure — •Lisa Poulikakos — University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA

Iridescent structural color is abundant in nature, arising in butterfly wings or beetle shells. Here, we develop nature-inspired, colorimetric metasurfaces to selectively visualize disease-relevant fiber density and orientation in biological tissue. We then investigate versatile fiber-affecting diseases where metasurfaces hold great potential to achieve rapid, precise and low-cost tissue diagnostics.

SAT1o: Plenary talk 5

Chaired by Lei Zhou, Fudan University, Shanghai, China

Time: Saturday, 9:00–10:00 Location: Olympia

Plenary SAT1o.1 9:00

Sculpting light with metastructures — •Nader Engheta — University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, USA

I will present an overview of our ongoing work on structuring light with metastructures, with particular emphasis on wave-based analog computing and 4D optics. I will show how inverse-designed metasurfaces can be used as computing and processing machines, and how spatiotemporal variation of material parameters opens up new possibilities in light-matter interaction.

10:00–10:15: Coffee break

SAT2o: Nanophotonics II

Chaired by Nahib Talebi Sarvari, Christian Albrechts University in Kiel, Germany

Time: Saturday, 10:15–12:15 Location: Olympia

Invited SAT2o.1 10:15

Atomically-Engineered Optical Gain for Nanophotonics — Andreas Liapis, Peng Liu, and •Zhipei Sun — QTF Centre of Excellence, Department of Electronics and Nanoengineering, Aalto University, Espoo, Finland

Here, we demonstrate wafer-scale growth of highly-doped Er^{3+}:Al_2O_3 and Yb^{3+}:Al_2O_3 gain media by plasma-enhanced atomic layer deposition method. Such materials are key enabling building blocks for various nanophotonic applications (e.g., integrated lasers and amplifiers operating at telecom wavelengths).

Invited SAT2o.2 10:45

Coupling single electrons and photons using high-Q photonics — •Armin Feist[1,2], Guanhao Huang[3,4], Germaine Arend[1,2], Yujia Yang[3,4], Jan-Wilke Henke[1,2], Arslan Sajid Raja[3,4], F. Jasmin Kappert[1,2], Rui Ning Wang[3,4], Hugo Lourenço-Martins[1,2], Zheru Qiu[3,4], Junqiu Liu[3,4], Ofer Kfir[1,2], Tobias J. Kippenberg[3,4], and Claus Ropers[1,2] — [1]Max Planck Institute of Multidisciplinary Sciences, Göttingen, Germany — [2]IV. Physical Institute, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany — [3]Institute of Physics, EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland — [4]Center for Quantum Science and Engineering, EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland

We couple free electrons to optical cavity modes of a chip-based high-Q silicon nitride microresonator and observe single-particle correlations. Mode-specific cathodoluminescence is spatially mapped, and coincidence-gated electron imaging enables a two-orders of magnitude contrast enhancement. Event-based detection of electrons and their specific energy loss facilitates heralding multiphoton states.

SAT2s: Metasurfaces III

Chaired by Mario Hentschel, University of Stuttgart, Germany

Time: Saturday, 10:15–12:00 Location: Seefeld/Tirol

Invited SAT2s.1 10:15

Imaging with meta lenses- capabilities and limitations — •Uriel Levy — Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel

Metalenses are becoming a prime topic for research and are being implemented in variety of optical devices and systems. In this talk we discuss design rules, limitations, and approaches to circumvent these limitations

Oral SAT2s.2 10:45

Spontaneous parametric downconversion in ultra-thin 3R-stacked transition-metal dichalcogenides — •Benjamin Braun[1], Josip Bajo[1,2], Chiara Trovatello[3,4], Philipp K. Jenke[1,2], Giulio Cerullo[4], P. James Schuck[3], Philip Walther[1,5,6], and Lee A. Rozema[1] — [1]Vienna Center for Quantum Science and Technology (VCQ), University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria — [2]Vienna Doctoral School in Physics, University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria — [3]Department of Mechanical Engineering, Columbia University, New York, USA — [4]Dipartimento di Fisica, Politecnico di Milano, Milan, Italy — [5]Research Platform for Testing the Quantum and Gravity Interface (TURIS), University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria — [6]Christian Doppler Laboratory for Photonic Quantum Computer, University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria

Nonlinear optics with ultra-thin media is a promising means to combine nonlinear optics with integrated photonics. However, using thin media limits the applicability to quantum processes, such as SPDC. We overcome this using the high second-order susceptibility of the transition metal dichalcogenides, presenting our characterization of non-phase matched SPDC.

Oral SAT2s.3 11:00

Ultrafast nanoimaging of hyperbolic phonon polaritons in van der Waals crystals and conventional bulk crystals — •Peining Li — Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, China

We use time-resolved s-SNOM to visualize in both time and space hyperbolic phonon polaritons n van der Waals crystals and anisotropic bulk crystals.

Oral SAT2o.3 11:15

Halting light dissipation by Zeno effect — •Anton N. Vetlugin[1], Ruixiang Guo[1], Cesare Soci[1], and Nikolay I. Zheludev[1,2] — [1]Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore — [2]University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom

We experimentally demonstrate how to prevent a single photon from being dissipated in intricate optical networks containing multiple absorbers.

Oral SAT2o.4 11:30

Active Tuning of Electroluminescence from Spin-Polarized Exciton Polaritons in Perovskite Metasurfaces — Yutao Wang[1,2,3], Giorgio Adamo[1,3], Ha Son Tung[4], Jingyi Tian[1,3], and •Cesare Soci[1,3] — [1]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies, TPI, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore — [2]Interdisciplinary Graduate School, Energy Research Institute @NTU (ERI@N), Singapore, Singapore — [3]Division of Physics and Applied Physics, School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, NTU,, Singapore, Singapore — [4]IMRE, Agency for Science Technology and Research (A*STAR), Singapore, Singapore

We report electroluminescence from spin-polarized exciton polaritons in halide perovskite light-emitting metatransistors with broken C2 symmetry. Electrical control of charge injection allows selective population of spin states and control of directionality and helicity of the circularly polarized light emission.

Invited SAT2o.5 11:45

Meta-couplers for linking propagating waves and surface waves — •Lei Zhou — Physics Department, Fudan University , Shanghai, China

We describe our 10 years' journey to design and experimentally realize metasurface-based couplers that can efficiently convert propagating light to surface waves, and in turn, into on-chip photonic devices with subwavelength openings.

Oral SAT2s.4 11:15

Direct electron beam patterning of electro-optically active PEDOT:PSS for active metasurfaces — •Dominik Ludescher[1], Siddharth Doshi[2,3], Julian Karst[1], Moritz Floess[1], Johan Carlström[3], Bohan Li[3], Nofar Mintz Hemed[2], Yi-Shiou Duh[3], Nicholas A. Melosh[2], Mario Hentschel[1], Mark Brongersma[3], and Harald Giessen[1] — [1]4th Physics Institute and Research Center SCoPE, Stuttgart, Germany — [2]Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Stanford, USA — [3]Geballe Laboratory for Advanced Materials, Stanford, USA

Integrating conducting polymers with nanophotonic methods presents promising developments for sophisticated optoelectronic devices. However, conventional fabrication techniques encounter significant limitations. This research introduces an alternative and novel fabrication process based on the direct patterning of PEDOT:PSS via electron beam lithography utilized for the generation of a dynamic optical metasurface.

Oral SAT2s.5 11:30

Picometer topological optical metrology at a million measurements per second — •Cheng-Hung Chi[1], Thomas Grant[1], Eric Plum[1], Kevin MacDonald[1], and Nikolay Zheludev[1,2] — [1]Optoelectronics Research Centre and Centre for Photonic Metamaterials, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom — [2]Centre for Disruptive Photonic Technologies, TPI, SPMS, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore , Singapore

Using a nanowire as example, we experimentally demonstrate all-optical metrology with resolution up to 80 pm and sampling rate up to 1M fps. Here, topologically structured light scattering is used to visualize nanoobject's trajectory with an algorithm discriminating instrumental instabilities and movements of the object relative to its immediate environment.

Oral SAT2s.6 11:45

Observation of the orbit–orbit interaction of light in plasmonics — Raghvendra P. Chaudhary, Avraham Reiner, and •Nir Shitrit — School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Beer Sheva 8410501, Israel

We report the orbit–orbit interaction of light in a plasmonic ellipse cavity, whose unique geometry facilitates vortex–trajectory interplay when a vortex is considered in one of the ellipse foci. This interaction, manifested by vortex-dependent shifts, opens a new paradigm for light manipulation by leveraging the manifold vortex states.

SAT3o: Prize ceremony and closing remarks by Nikolay Zheludev & Harald Giessen

Time: Saturday, 12:15–13:30 Location: Olympia

Prize ceremony

Closing Remarks

13:30–14:30: Beer reception

Authors' Index

The index entries consist of the following data: <*session key*>.<*paper in the session*>-p<*page*>

A

Abdullad, Saad THU4f.36-p29
Adamo, Giorgio . . . . . •THU2o.3-p24, SAT2o.4-p38
Agrawal, Amit . . . . . •THU5s.1-p31
Aharonovich, Igor WED2s.5-p20
Aigner, Andreas WED2s.2-p19, THU4f.34-p29, THU4f.40-p30
Aksu, Serap . . . . . •THU4f.50-p31
Alam, Mohammad S. WED5o.2-p23
Alegre, Thiago THU4f.48-p31
Ali, Rfaqat THU4f.48-p31
Almeida, Euclides . . . . . •FRI4s.1-p35
Alu, Andrea . . . . . •WED1o.1-p19, FRI4o.4-p36
Amedalor, Ruben THU4f.12-p27
Amitay, Shaked THU4f.49-p31
Andronikides, Alexander . . . FRI4s.1-p35
Ansari, Abbas Sheikh . . . THU4f.39-p30
Arend, Germaine SAT2o.2-p37
Arieli, Uri FRI2s.4-p34
Arslan, Serkan . . . . . WED2s.6-p20, •THU4f.5-p26, THU4f.19-p28
Asamoah, Benjamin THU4f.12-p27
Atwater, Harry . . . . . •WED2o.1-p19
Atwater, Harry A. WED2s.4-p20, FRI2o.3-p33, FRI4s.2-p35

B

Bahar, Eyal FRI2s.4-p34
Bajo, Josip SAT2s.2-p37
Bange, Sebastian THU4f.28-p28
Bao, Chengying FRI2s.3-p33
Barkey, Martin WED2s.2-p19
Bartal, Guy . . . . . •WED2s.1-p19, WED4o.2-p21, FRI5o.2-p36
Baù, Enrico . . . . . •WED2s.2-p19, THU4f.10-p27
Baum, Peter . . . . . •FRI2s.1-p33
Beck, Mattias FRI4o.1-p35
Be'er, Orr WED4s.3-p22
Beitner, Daniel . . . . . •THU4f.49-p31
Bekenstein, Rivka . . . . . •FRI2o.5-p34
Bekenstein, Yehonadav . . . WED4s.3-p22
Ben Shalom, Moshe THU4f.49-p31, FRI2s.4-p34
Berestennikov, Alexander . THU4f.6-p26
Bertrand, Mathieu FRI4o.1-p35
Biechteler, Jonas . . . . . •WED2s.5-p20
Birk, Michael WED4s.1-p21
Blatcher, James E. . . . . •THU4f.25-p28
Blöchl, Johannes FRI2s.2-p33
Bobrovs, Vjaceslavs THU4f.38-p29
Bogdanov, Andrey THU4f.38-p29
Bosseboeuf, Alain THU4f.30-p29
Bouchon, Patrick THU4f.30-p29
Bouscher, Shlomi THU4f.14-p27, THU4f.21-p28
Boyd, Marty THU5s.1-p31
Bozhevolnyi , Sergey I. . . . THU4f.3-p26, THU4f.8-p26
Bradley, A.L. THU4f.29-p28
Braive, Rémy THU4f.2-p26
Braun, Benjamin . . . . . •SAT2s.2-p37
Brodbeck, Sebastian THU5s.2-p31
Brongersma, Mark SAT2s.4-p38
Browaeys, Antoine FRI4o.2-p35
Brunelli, Matteo THU5s.3-p32
Buchbinder, Sima . . . . . •THU4f.21-p28
Bucher, Tomer WED4o.2-p21, WED4s.3-p22
Burns, Liana . . . . . •THU4f.12-p27

C

Caldwell, Joshua D. FRI4s.3-p35
Calegari, Francesca FRI2s.2-p33
Camarena-Pérez, María . THU4f.13-p27
Canos Valero, Adria . . . . •THU4f.38-p29
Cao, Bin WED5o.2-p23
Carlström, Johan SAT2s.4-p38
Cerullo, Giulio SAT2s.2-p37
Chan, C. T. THU4f.45-p30
Chaudhary, Raghvendra P. . SAT2s.6-p38
Chekhova, Maria WED4s.4-p22
Chi, Cheng-Hung . . . . . •SAT2s.5-p38
Chiadini, Francesco THU4f.1-p26
Christodoulides, Demetrios •THU6o.1-p32
Coen, Tom THU4f.49-p31
Cohen, Kobi WED4o.2-p21
Cohen, Oren WED4s.1-p21
Cohen, Shany Z. . . . . THU2o.5-p25, •THU2s.4-p25
Conrads, Lukas . . . . . •THU2o.2-p24, THU4f.26-p28
Cortes, Emiliano . . . . . •WED2o.2-p19, THU4f.6-p26, THU4f.43-p30
Cryan, Martin J. THU4f.25-p28

D

Davis, Timothy J. WED4o.2-p21, FRI5o.2-p36
de Gaay Fortman, Nelson . . •FRI2s.5-p34
de S. Menezes, Leonardo . . WED2s.3-p19
Deka, Suruj WED5o.1-p22
del Pino, Javier THU5s.3-p32
Delaney, C. THU4f.29-p28
Dikopoltsev, Alexander . . . •FRI4o.1-p35
Domröse, Till THU4f.11-p27
Doshi, Siddharth SAT2s.4-p38
Dosovitsky, Georgy WED4s.3-p22
Dreher, Pascal WED4o.2-p21, FRI5o.2-p36
Duh, Yi-Shiou SAT2s.4-p38
Durst, Simon THU4f.15-p27
Dutra, Rafael THU4f.48-p31

E

Ebel, Sven . •THU4f.7-p26, THU4f.8-p26
Eckhardt, Christian WED5o.2-p23
Edel, Joshua THU4f.37-p29
Elliott, C. THU4f.29-p28
Engheta, Nader . . . . . •SAT1o.1-p37
Even Tzur, Matan WED4s.1-p21

F

Fainman, Yeshaiahu (Shaya) •WED5o.1-p22
Faist, Jérôme FRI4o.1-p35
Fal'ko, Vladimir I THU4f.49-p31
Faraone, T. THU4f.29-p28
Feinstein, Matthew D. FRI4s.1-p35
Feist, Armin . . . . . •THU4f.11-p27, FRI4s.4-p36, •SAT2o.2-p37
Feldman, Sarit . . . . . •THU5s.2-p31
Ferdinand, Andrew THU5s.1-p31
Ferrara, Flaminio THU4f.1-p26
Fix, Baptiste THU4f.30-p29, THU4f.41-p30
Fleischhauer, Michael WED4o.3-p22
Floess, Moritz SAT2s.4-p38
Florea, L. THU4f.29-p28
Foley, Morgan WED2s.4-p20
Frank, Bettina WED4o.2-p21, FRI5o.2-p36
Fruchart, Michel . . . . . •THU5o.1-p31

G

Gaida, John H. . . . . THU4f.11-p27, •FRI4s.4-p36
Gale, Angus WED2s.5-p20
Galiffi, Emanuele . . . . . •FRI4o.4-p36
Gao, Chenxin FRI2s.3-p33
Gao, Ramon . . . . . •FRI2o.3-p33
García de Abajo, F. Javier THU4f.36-p29, THU4f.44-p30, THU4f.46-p30
García de Abajo, Javier . . •WED5s.1-p22
García de Abajo, Javier F. . . . FRI4s.4-p36
Gennarelli, Gianluca THU4f.1-p26
Gholipour, Behrad THU4f.35-p29, THU4f.39-p30
Giessen, Harald WED2s.6-p20, WED4o.2-p21, THU4f.4-p26, THU4f.19-p28, FRI5o.2-p36, SAT2s.4-p38
Goldberg, Oren . . . . . •THU2s.3-p25
Gölz, Thorsten . . . . . WED2s.2-p19, •THU4f.10-p27, THU4f.40-p30
Goncalves, Manuel . . . . . •THU4f.9-p26
Gonçalves, P. André D. . . . •THU4f.46-p30
Gorlach, Alexey WED4s.1-p21
Govyadinov, Alexander FRI3o.1-p34
Grankin, Andrey WED5s.2-p23
Grant, Thomas SAT2s.5-p38
Granzow, Nicolai . . . . . •THU3o.1-p25

Grass, Tobias WED5o.2-p23
Griol, Amadeu THU4f.13-p27
Gryb, Dmytro . . . . . •THU4f.40-p30
Guerriero, Rocco THU4f.1-p26
Guo, Ruixiang SAT2o.3-p38

H

Hafezi, Mohammad WED5o.2-p23, WED5s.2-p23
Hail, Claudio U. . . . . •WED2s.4-p20, FRI2o.3-p33, •FRI4s.2-p35
Haindl, Rudolf THU4f.11-p27
Hayat, Alex THU4f.14-p27, THU4f.21-p28, THU5s.2-p31
Heckelmann, Ina FRI4o.1-p35
Heimerl, Jonas . . . . . •WED4s.4-p22
Henke, Jan-Wilke SAT2o.2-p37
Hentschel, Mario . . . . . •WED2s.6-p20, THU4f.4-p26, THU4f.19-p28, SAT2s.4-p38
Herbig, Jonas . . . . . •THU4f.4-p26
Heßler, Andreas THU2o.2-p24
Hillenbrand, Rainer . . . . . •THU2o.1-p24
Höfling, Sven THU5s.2-p31
Höing, Dominik FRI2s.2-p33
Homelhoff, Peter WED4s.4-p22
Honné, Natalie THU2o.2-p24
Hu, Haiyang . . . . . •THU4f.6-p26
Huang, Guanhao SAT2o.2-p37
Huber, Andreas . . . . . •FRI3o.1-p34

I

Ikari, Shinich THU4f.16-p27
Issah, Ibrahim THU4f.12-p27
Iyer, Ashwin K. THU4f.35-p29
Iyikanat, Fadil . . . . . •THU4f.44-p30

J

J. Baumberg, Jeremy THU4f.13-p27
Jäckering, Lina . . . . . •THU4f.23-p28
Jacovi, Ronen THU4f.14-p27
Jaeck, Julien THU4f.41-p30
Jalali Mehrabad, Mahmoud WED5o.2-p23
Jammi, Sindhu THU5s.1-p31
Jana, Sanchayeeta . . . . . •THU4f.15-p27
Jang, Houk WED5s.2-p23
Janoschka, David WED4o.2-p21
Jenke, Philipp K. . . . . •THU4f.36-p29, SAT2s.2-p37
Jia, Wenhe . . . . . •FRI2s.3-p33
Jiang, Chunping FRI2s.3-p33
Jiang, Sizhu WED5o.1-p22

K

Kajikawa, Kotaro . . . . . •THU4f.16-p27
Kaltenecker, Korbinian . . THU4f.10-p27
Kalyan, Imon THU4f.28-p28
Kaminer, Ido . . . . . •WED4s.1-p21, WED4s.3-p22
Kanigel, Amit THU4f.14-p27
Kante, Boubacar . . . . . •THU2s.5-p25
Kappel, Micha WED2s.6-p20
Kappert, F. Jasmin SAT2o.2-p37
Karst, Julian WED2s.6-p20, SAT2s.4-p38
Kasten, Noam WED4s.3-p22
Katznelson, Shaul . . . . . •WED4s.3-p22
Keilmann, Fritz WED2s.2-p19, THU4f.10-p27
Kelzenberg, Michael D. FRI2o.3-p33
Keselman, Anna FRI4o.2-p35
Kfir, Ofer SAT2o.2-p37
Khurgin, Jacob . . . . . •FRI5o.1-p36
Kiang, Kian Shen THU4f.31-p29
Kianinia, Mehran WED2s.5-p20
Kim, Kwanghyun THU4f.39-p30
Kippenberg, Tobias J. SAT2o.2-p37
Kivshar, Yuri WED2s.6-p20, THU4f.38-p29
Klembt, Sebastian THU5s.2-p31
Kling, Matthias F. FRI2s.2-p33
Koenderink, Femius FRI2s.5-p34
Koksal, Okan THU5s.1-p31
Kolkowski, Radoslaw FRI2s.5-p34
Konishi, Kuniaki FRI5s.1-p36
Koriat, Avi THU4f.14-p27, THU4f.21-p28
Kornyshev, Alexei . . . . . •THU4f.37-p29
Koshelev, Kirill WED2s.6-p20
Krüger, Michael WED4s.1-p21
Kühner, Lucca WED2s.5-p20
Kumar, Ankit . . . . . •THU4f.14-p27, THU4f.21-p28
Kuwata-Gonokami, Makoto•FRI5s.1-p36
Kuznetsov, Arseniy THU2o.3-p24

L

Lackner, Jules . . . . . •THU4f.30-p29
Lahaye, Thierry FRI4o.2-p35
Landau, Nadav THU5s.2-p31
Lange, Holger FRI2s.2-p33
Lebsir, Yonas . . . . . •THU4f.8-p26
Lee, Yohan . . . . . •THU4f.19-p28
Lenkiewicz-Abudi, Tom . . WED4s.3-p22
Levy, Shai WED4s.3-p22
Levy, Uriel . THU2s.3-p25, •SAT2s.1-p37
Lewi, Tomer THU2o.5-p25, THU2s.4-p25
Li, Bohan SAT2s.4-p38
Li, Chenhao . . . . . •WED2s.3-p19
Li, Chi WED2s.5-p20
Li, Ding THU4f.39-p30
Li, Jinxiang THU5o.2-p32
Li, Kevin WED5o.2-p23
Li, Liu FRI2s.3-p33
Li, Peining THU4f.20-p28, •SAT2s.3-p37
Li, Weiwei FRI2s.2-p33
Liapis, Andreas SAT2o.1-p37
Lin, Kaiqiang THU4f.28-p28
Linden, Stefan . . . . . •WED4o.3-p22, THU4f.17-p27, THU4f.24-p28
Lippitz, Markus THU4f.15-p27
Liu, Junqiu SAT2o.2-p37
Liu, Peng SAT2o.1-p37
Liu, Tongjun THU5o.2-p32, FRI4o.3-p35
Lohmüller, Theobald THU4f.10-p27
Löhr, Alexander THU4f.42-p30
Lourenço-Martins, Hugo . . FRI4s.4-p36, SAT2o.2-p37
Lu, Guanyu FRI4s.3-p35
Ludescher, Dominik . . . . . THU4f.4-p26, •SAT2s.4-p38
Lunden, Will THU5s.1-p31
Lupton, John THU4f.28-p28

M

Ma, Weiliang THU4f.20-p28
MacDonald, Kevin . . . . . •THU5o.2-p32, FRI4o.3-p35, SAT2s.5-p38
Maier, Stefan THU4f.43-p30
Maier, Stefan A. WED2s.2-p19, WED2s.3-p19, WED2s.5-p20, THU4f.6-p26, THU4f.10-p27, THU4f.34-p29, THU4f.40-p30
Mamaeva, K. . . . . •THU4f.29-p28
Mancini, Andrea WED2s.2-p19, THU4f.43-p30
Mandal, Avik THU4f.39-p30
Mangold, Florian FRI5o.2-p36
Månsson, Erik FRI2s.2-p33
Mantha, Anant FRI5o.2-p36
Marangi, Marco THU2o.3-p24
Martel, Théo THU4f.2-p26
Martínez, Alejandro THU4f.13-p27
Mayer, Nicola . . . . . •THU4f.42-p30
Mazurski, Noa THU2s.3-p25
McEllistrim, Andrew THU4f.49-p31
Mechtel, Erik WED5s.2-p23
Mehrabad, Mahmoud Jalali WED5s.2-p23
Meier, Stefan WED4s.4-p22
Meiler, Tim C. WED4o.2-p21
Melosh, Nicholas A. SAT2s.4-p38
Menezes, Leonardo de S. . THU4f.40-p30
Meron, Omri . . . . . •FRI2s.4-p34
Meyer zu Heringdorf, Frank WED4o.2-p21
Meyer zu Heringdorf, Frank-J. FRI5o.2-p36
Michaeli, Lior WED2s.4-p20, FRI2o.3-p33, FRI4s.2-p35
Mikhaylov, Alexander WED4s.4-p22
Mintz Hemed, Nofar SAT2s.4-p38
Mkhitaryan, Vahagn THU4f.36-p29
Moiseyev, Nimrod THU4f.42-p30
Möller, Marcel THU4f.11-p27
Morozov , Sergii . . . . . •THU4f.3-p26, THU4f.8-p26
Mortensen , N. Asger THU4f.3-p26, THU4f.8-p26
Mueller, Niclas S. . . . . •FRI4s.3-p35
Muljarov, Egor.A. THU4f.38-p29

N

Nan, Lin . . . . . •THU4f.43-p30
Nandi, Sukanta . . . . . •THU2o.5-p25, THU2s.4-p25
Nanikashvili, Pilkhaz THU2o.5-p25
Narang, Prineha . . . . . •WED4o.1-p21
Naveh, Doron THU2o.5-p25
Nehemya, Snir FRI2s.4-p34
Neuhaus, Alexander FRI5o.2-p36

Ni, Ruihao WED5s.2-p23
Niemann, Richarda FRI4s.3-p35
Niroui, Farnaz . . . . . •THU2s.1-p24
Nishad, Naveen FRI4o.2-p35
Nitzav, Yuval THU4f.14-p27
Nubbemeyer, Thomas FRI2s.2-p33
Nunnenkamp, Andreas . . . THU5s.3-p32

O

Ortega, J. Enrique THU4f.36-p29
Ou, Jun-Yu . . . . . THU4f.31-p29, •THU4f.39-p30

P

Paarmann, Alexander FRI4s.3-p35
Paithankar, Nikil WED5o.2-p23
Pal, Anil K. THU4f.6-p26
Pal, Debapriya FRI2s.5-p34
Pan, Athena WED5o.1-p22
Pan, Chenxinyu . . . . . •THU4f.18-p27
Panna, Dmitry THU4f.14-p27, THU5s.2-p31
Pantzas, Konstantinos . . . THU4f.41-p30
Papp, Scott THU5s.1-p31
Park, Suji WED5s.2-p23
Patel, Parth THU5s.1-p31
Pendry, John THU4f.37-p29
Pezeshgi, Benoît . . . . . •THU4f.41-p30
Pfahl, Michelle WED2s.6-p20
Pi, Hailong THU4f.31-p29
Pinheiro, Felipe A. . . . . •THU4f.48-p31
Pinilla-Cienfuegos, Elena THU4f.13-p27
Pizzi, Andrea WED4s.1-p21
Plum, Eric SAT2s.5-p38
Polman, Albert . . . . . •WED2o.3-p20
Poplinger, Michal THU2o.5-p25
Poulikakos, Lisa . . . . . •FRI5s.2-p36
Pugh, Jon R. THU4f.25-p28

Q

Qin, Tianwei . . . . . •THU4f.20-p28
Qiu, Zheru SAT2o.2-p37
Quidant, Romain . . . . . •FRI2o.1-p33

R

Raja, Arslan Sajid SAT2o.2-p37
Raskatla, Venugopal . . . . . THU5o.2-p32, •FRI4o.3-p35
Reckmeier, Claas FRI3o.1-p34
Redolat, Javier . . . . . •THU4f.13-p27
Reiner, Avraham SAT2s.6-p38
Ren, Haoran WED2s.3-p19, WED2s.5-p20
Riccio, Giovanni . . . . . •THU4f.1-p26
Richter, Shachar THU4f.49-p31
Rittmann, Thomas FRI4s.4-p36
Rivera, Nicholas WED4s.1-p21
Rodriguez, Said FRI2s.5-p34
Ropers, Claus THU4f.11-p27, FRI4s.4-p36, SAT2o.2-p37
Roques-Carmes, Charles . WED4s.3-p22
Rozema, Lee A. THU4f.36-p29, SAT2s.2-p37

S

Sacha, Krzysztof . . . . . •THU1o.1-p24
Sader, John E. FRI2o.3-p33
Sagnes, Isabelle THU4f.41-p30
Salleh Atri, Simon THU4f.49-p31
Sapienza, Riccardo FRI4o.4-p36
Sapir, Shay WED4o.2-p21
Sarkar, Subhajit . . . . . •THU4f.27-p28, THU4f.32-p29
Sarkar, Supratik WED5s.2-p23
Sau, Jay WED5o.2-p23
Sava, Bogdan FRI3o.1-p34
Scalari, Giacomo FRI4o.1-p35
Schall, Peter FRI2s.5-p34
Schill, Hans-Joachim . . . •THU4f.24-p28
Schine, Nathan WED5o.2-p23
Schliesser, Albert . . . . . THU4f.2-p26, •FRI2o.4-p34
Schmidt, Markus A. WED2s.3-p19
Schmitt, Julian WED4o.3-p22
Schmitt, Robert THU2o.2-p24
Schneider, Christian THU5s.2-p31
Schuck, P. James SAT2s.2-p37
Schuetz, Roman WED4s.3-p22
Schüler, Luis THU4f.26-p28
Schwab, Julian . . . . . •FRI5o.2-p36
Segev, Mordechai (Moti) . . •FRI1o.1-p33
Session, Deric . . . . . •WED5o.2-p23
Shalin, Alexander S. THU4f.38-p29
Sheikh Ansari, Abbas . . . •THU4f.35-p29
Sheredy, Dan THU5s.1-p31
Shitrit, Nir . . . . . •SAT2s.6-p38
Shultzman, Avner WED4s.3-p22
Sidorenko, Anna . . . . . •THU4f.17-p27, THU4f.24-p28
Sikdar, Debabrata THU4f.37-p29
Simonyan, Valery WED5s.2-p23
Singh, Danveer THU2o.5-p25, THU2s.4-p25
Sinusia-Lozano, Miguel . THU4f.13-p27
Sivan, Yonatan . . . . . THU4f.27-p28, •THU4f.28-p28, •THU4f.32-p29
Sivis, Murat FRI4s.4-p36
Slim, Jesse THU5s.3-p32
Smirnova, Olga THU4f.42-p30
Soci, Cesare THU2o.3-p24, SAT2o.3-p38, •SAT2o.4-p38
Sokhoyan, Ruzan WED2s.4-p20
Solomon, Glenn S. WED5o.2-p23
Son Tung, Ha SAT2o.4-p38
Song, Junyeob THU5s.1-p31
Sordan, Roman WED5o.2-p23
Sortino, Luca WED2s.5-p20
Stefancu, Andrei THU4f.6-p26
Strangi, Giuseppe . . . . . •FRI2o.2-p33
Strassberg, Rotem WED4s.3-p22
Suarez Forero, Daniel WED5o.2-p23
Suarez- Forero, Daniel G. •WED5s.2-p23
Suchowski, Haim THU4f.49-p31, FRI2s.4-p34
Sun, Chuang . . . . . •THU4f.31-p29
Sun, Zhipei . . . . . THU4f.44-p30, •SAT2o.1-p37
Sztranyovszky, Zoltan THU4f.38-p29

T

Tagliabue, Giulia . . . . . •WED2o.4-p20
Talebi, Nahid . . . . . •WED4s.2-p21, THU4f.7-p26
Tamaki, Sho . . . . . •THU4f.2-p26
Taniguchi, Takashi WED5o.2-p23, WED5s.2-p23
Taubner, Thomas . . . . . THU2o.2-p24, THU4f.23-p28, •THU4f.26-p28
Theofylaktopoulos, Vasileios •WED3o.1-p21
Tian, Jingyi SAT2o.4-p38
Tirole, Romain FRI4o.4-p36
Tittl, Andreas . . . . . WED2s.2-p19, WED2s.5-p20, •THU2o.4-p25, THU4f.6-p26, THU4f.10-p27, THU4f.34-p29, THU4f.40-p30, THU4f.43-p30
Tjiptoharsono, Febiana . . . THU2o.3-p24
Toma, Mana THU4f.16-p27
Tong, Limin THU4f.18-p27
Tong, Yuanbiao THU4f.18-p27
Toth, Milos WED2s.5-p20
Trabattoni, Andrea FRI2s.2-p33
Trovatello, Chiara SAT2s.2-p37
Tsesses, Shai . . . . . •WED4o.2-p21, •FRI4o.2-p35, FRI5o.2-p36
Tziperman, Offek WED4s.3-p22

U

Ubl, Monika THU4f.4-p26, THU4f.19-p28
Ulm, Andreas THU2o.2-p24
Un, Ieng Wai THU4f.27-p28, THU4f.28-p28, THU4f.32-p29

V

Verhagen, Ewold . . . . . •THU5s.3-p32
Vetlugin, Anton N. . . . . •SAT2o.3-p38
Vezzoli, Stefano FRI4o.4-p36

W

Walther, Philip THU4f.36-p29, SAT2s.2-p37
Wang, Dongyang . . . . . •THU4f.45-p30
Wang, Pan . . . . . THU4f.18-p27, •THU4f.47-p30
Wang, Rui Ning SAT2o.2-p37
Wang, Shuai FRI2s.3-p33
Wang, Tao THU4f.20-p28
Wang, Yadong THU4f.44-p30
Wang, Yutao THU2o.3-p24, SAT2o.4-p38
Wang, Zi THU5s.1-p31
Wang, Zilong FRI2s.2-p33
Wanie, Vincent FRI2s.2-p33
Wanjura, Clara THU5s.3-p32
Wasserroth, Sören FRI4s.3-p35
Watanabe, Kenji WED5o.2-p23, WED5s.2-p23
Weber, Andrew P. THU4f.36-p29
Weber, Thomas . . . . . THU4f.6-p26, •THU4f.34-p29, THU4f.43-p30
Weiss, Thomas WED2s.6-p20,

THU4f.38-p29
Wen, Shun FRI2s.3-p33
Wendisch, Fedja J. WED2s.5-p20, THU4f.40-p30
Wester, Alwin THU4f.34-p29
Wetter, Helene WED4o.3-p22
Wiederhecker, Gustavo . . THU4f.48-p31
Wirth, Konstantin G. THU4f.23-p28, THU4f.26-p28
Wolf, Martin FRI4s.3-p35
Wolff , Christian THU4f.3-p26
Wong, Kai-Fu . . . . . •FRI2s.2-p33
Wu, Mengfei THU2o.3-p24
Wuttig, Matthias THU2o.2-p24, THU4f.26-p28

X

Xu, Gengyu FRI4o.4-p36

Y

Yalunin, Sergey V. THU4f.11-p27
Yan, Jize THU4f.31-p29
Yang, Changxi FRI2s.3-p33
Yang, Yuanmu FRI2s.3-p33
Yang, Yujia SAT2o.2-p37
Yezekyan , Torgom THU4f.3-p26, THU4f.8-p26
Yin, Shixiong FRI4o.4-p36

Z

Zayats, Anatoly V. THU4f.18-p27
Zhang, Jinhua THU4f.10-p27
Zhang, Shuang . . . . . •THU2s.2-p24
Zhao, Yongmin FRI2s.3-p33
Zheludev, Nikolay THU5o.2-p32, FRI4o.3-p35, SAT2s.5-p38
Zheludev, Nikolay I. SAT2o.3-p38
Zhou, Lei . . . . . •SAT2o.5-p38
Zhou, You WED5s.2-p23
Zhu, Wenqi THU5s.1-p31

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